

# THE GLENGARRY NEWS

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## Public Upheaval Drives Out Henry Administration

Unabated sweep across Province leaves but a handful of Tories in the wake—Hepburn, Nixon, Marshall, Roebuck, Sinclair, Leduc, Fulford, Lapierre and host of Liberal stalwarts victorious. Six seats in Toronto captured by Liberals. Whole Western Ontario area in line for a change.

TORONTO, June 20.—After an absence of 29 years from administrative control in the Ontario political arena, the Liberal party under youthful Mitchell Hepburn came back into legislative power today on a record-breaking vote polled up by the electorate and a smashing defeat of Premier George S. Henry's Conservative government.

Sixty-six seats out of a total of 90 were captured in the Liberal uprising from 84 members—the number held out of 112 ridings before redistribution—the Conservatives dropped precipitately to 16. Liberals ran up their total from 15 in the last house.

Returns compiled by the Canadian Press though still incomplete today, showed a total of 2,211,591 votes cast, eclipsing the old mark of 1,146,521 set in 1926. In the 1929 election 1,011,880 votes were cast.

**Early Liberal Trend**

The early Liberal trend, seen immediately after poll closing last night, gathered surprising momentum and swept the province. Two hours after voting stopped the Canadian Press flashed a Liberal victory in another hour the Liberals had an actual majority of the 90 seats and the Conservative debacle was complete with that party trailing hopelessly.

Four Liberal-Progressives, expected to align themselves with Mr. Hepburn's party, were victorious. In the same category were one Independent, one United Farmers of Ontario and one Labor-Liberal.

The Co-operative Commonwealth Federation, making its first bid for political recognition in Ontario, returned one member—in Hamilton East—out of the 37 candidates placed in the field.

The swelling tide of Liberal votes swept 50 seats from Conservative tenure alone. It lashed traditionally "Tory Toronto" and split it in twain.

Eight out of 12 members of the Henry cabinet went down to defeat. Premier Henry held a safe margin of victory over five opponents in York East, while Premier-designate Hepburn was an early winner in Elgin over his only opponent, Dr. H. J. Davis, Conservative member in the last legislature.

**STANDING AT DISSOLUTION**  
(May 16, 1934)

Conservatives	84
Liberals	15
Progressives	4
Liberal-Progressive	1
Labor	1
United Farmer	1

Vacant	6
Total	112
(Redistribution in 1933 reduced total from 112 to 90)	
At 11.18 p.m. E.S.T., the party standing in the Ontario election was:	
Liberals	66
Conservatives	16
Liberal-Progressives	4
C.C.F.	1
Independent	1
U.F.O.	1
Liberal-Labor	1
Total	90

**LIBERALS ELECTED**

BRANT—Hon. H. C. Nixon.  
GREY NORTH—D. J. Taylor.  
HALTOUN—T. A. Blakelock.  
KENT EAST—Duncan Campbell.  
ELGIN—M. F. Hepburn.  
ONTARIO—W. E. N. Sinclair.  
SIMCOE CENTRE—Dr. L. J. Simpson.  
LAMBTON WEST—Wm. Gubrie.  
HALDIMAND-NORFOLK—N. S. Colter.  
SAULT STE. MARIE—Dr. E. D. Roberts.  
PERTH—Angus Dickson.  
WELLINGTON SOUTH—D. Paul Munro.  
PORT ARTHUR—C. W. Cox.  
WINDSOR-WALKERVILLE—D. J. Groll.  
WATERLOO NORTH—N. Asmussen.  
WATERLOO SOUTH—N. O. Hipel.  
WELLAND—E. J. Anderson.  
SIMCOE EAST—Dr. G. E. Tanner.  
NIAGARA FALLS—W. L. Houck.  
OTTAWA EAST—Paul Leduc.  
VICTORIA—William Newman.  
ESSEX NORTH—H. A. Trottier.  
HURON—James Ballantyne.  
LINCOLN—F. H. Avery.  
TORONTO Bellwoods—A. W. Roebuck.  
TORONTO ST. ANDREW—J. J. Glass.  
FEELE—Hon. Duncan Marshall.  
NIPISSING—Theo Legault.  
HAMILTON CENTRE—W. F. Schwenker.  
BRUCE—John Sinclair.  
BRANTFORD—M. M. MacBride.  
MUSKOKA—J. Frank Kelly.  
HASTING East—P. McLaren.  
ALGOMA-MANITOULIN—W. L. Miller.  
STORMONT—F. B. Brownridge.  
LEEDS—G. T. Fulford.  
RAINY RIVER—Randolph Croome.  
NORTHUMBERLAND—H. N. Carr.  
DURHAM—W. J. Bragg.  
HURON-BRUCE—C. A. Robertson.  
SUDBURY—E. A. Lapierre.  
YORK NORTH—Morgan Baker.  
YORK WEST—W. J. Gardhouse.  
WELLINGTON NORTH—Dr. George

A. McQuibban.  
KENT WEST—A. St. C. Gordon.  
RASTINGS WEST—J. A. Faulkner.  
WINDSOR-SANDWICH—J. H. Clark.  
TORONTO ST. PATRICK—F. Fraser Hunter.  
COCHRANE NORTH—J. Habel.  
OXFORD—P. M. Dewan.  
ESSEX SOUTH—L. P. Wige.  
DUFFERIN-Simcoe—Dr. W. B. Smith.  
PARRY SOUND—Dr. M.T. Armstrong.  
RENFREW NORTH—J. C. Bradley.  
RENFREW SOUTH—T. P. Murphy.  
GLENGARRY—J. A. Sangster.  
RUSSELL—Dr. Arthur Desrosiers.  
PRESCOTT—Aurilien Belanger.  
TIMISKAMING—W. G. Nixon.  
PRINCE EDWARD—Lennox T. Bowman.

LAMBTON EAST—M. D. McVicar.  
MIDDLESEX NORTH—J. W. Freeborn.  
LONDON—Dr. A. S. Duncan.  
WENTWORTH—George Bethune.  
TORONTO RIVERDALE—Robert A. Allen.  
TORONTO ST. GEORGE—Ian Strachan.  
MIDDLESEX SOUTH—C. M. McFie.  
COCHRANE SOUTH—J. Rowlandson.

**CONSERVATIVES ELECTED**

KINGSTON—T. A. Kidd.  
YORK SOUTH—Hon. Leopold Macaulay.  
YORK EAST—Hon. George S. Henry.  
GREENVILLE DUNDAS—Hon. G. H. Challies.  
CARLETON—A. H. Acres.  
LANARK—John A. Craig.  
TORONTO BEACHES—T. A. Murphy.  
TORONTO BRACONDALE—A. R. Nesbitt.  
TORONTO DOVERCOURT—William Duckworth.  
TORONTO HIGH PARK—W. A. Baird.  
TORONTO PARKDALE—Hon. W. H. Price.  
TORONTO ST. DAVID—Wm. Heighington.  
TORONTO WOODBINE—C. C. Elgie.  
ADDINGTON—W. D. Black.  
OTTAWA SOUTH—A. E. Ellis.  
PETERBORO—T. P. Lancaster.

**C.C.F. ELECTED**

HAMILTON EAST—Sam Lawrence.

**U.F.O. ELECTED**

GREY SOUTH—Farquhar Oliver.

**LABORITE ELECTED**

KENORA—Earl Hutchison.

**"At Home"**

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm F. MacCrimmon, R. R. 1, Dunvegan, will be at home to their friends on the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, Monday, July the second, from two o'clock till five in the afternoon.

## James A. Sangster Victor in Glengarry By Huge Majority

After a hard fought campaign in the course of which meetings were held in every part of the County and a thorough personal canvass made of the electors by both parties, James A. Sangster of Bainsville the Dean of the last Ontario Legislature was returned as member for Glengarry by one of the largest majorities this old history County has ever seen.

When polling day opened with heavy rain falling throughout the constituency it was expected that the vote would be light in the country districts and that this would result in a close contest between Mr. Sangster and his formidable opponent Mr. J. Domina Villeneuve of Maxville, one of the most popular young men in the County and one who had been active in the Councils of the Glengarry Conservative party during several desperate struggles.

The feeling of dissatisfaction existing throughout the agricultural districts against the Henry administration proved however to be such a potent factor that the farming community turned out in greater numbers than ever to register a strong protest against the heavy burden of taxation which was weighing so heavily upon them in spite of the unpleasant weather conditions considerably more votes were cast in Glengarry proper than in the last Federal election at which time a similar protest had been registered against the administration in Ottawa.

Those portions of Prescott which for provincial purposes had been added to the County of Glengarry remained true to the Liberal traditions of their forefathers and polled a tremendous vote in favour of Mr. Sangster which in itself would have been sufficient to assure his election, but it was evident from the voting in all parts of the constituency that even life long conservatives could no longer support the Henry administration and were turning to Mitchell F. Hepburn the new Liberal leader for relief from present discouraging conditions.

As the results began coming in early Tuesday evening it was soon apparent that the Liberal landslide which was sweeping the province was carrying our Liberal candidate to an assured victory and the reports from the later polls merely served to increase the majority of the Liberal standard bearer.

The popularity of the Conservative candidate was proved by the support he received throughout the Maxville district and in various other parts of the County where he was so well and favourably known but the failure of the Henry administration to curb the extravagance of the Cabinet and to reduce taxation when coupled with the failure of the Bennett administration in Ottawa to carry out its election pledges proved insurmountable barriers and Villeneuve went down to defeat after a good clean fight which earned for him the admiration not only of his political friends but of his opponents as well.

Mr. Sangster who has been held in such high esteem for many years throughout the County deserved the victory apart altogether from the depression and other considerations of this kind and the win was a most popular one throughout the district.

Following the announcement of the results candidates addressed enormous crowds assembled on the Mill Square in Alexandria, thanking their supporters and expressing their appreciation of the good clean hard fought campaign which had been waged by their adversaries. Messrs. D. A. Macdonald, K.C., J. A. C. Huot, Archie J. Macdonald, ex-M.P., Angus McGillivray, M.P., and Steven O'Connor made short addresses during the evening.

Bulletins showing the results not only in Glengarry but throughout the Province were exhibited in the show windows of Mr. J. A. C. Huot's Main Street and attracted considerable attention until early the following morning. Thousands of persons from all over the riding had gathered to hear the returns and it was evident from the cheering that Liberals predominated to a marked degree. Quite a large proportion of the crowd remained on the street until far into the night by which time returns had shown that the Liberal landslide was complete.

The results from the different polling subdivisions throughout the County were as follows:—

## PREPARES TO ASSUME OFFICE



MITCHELL F. HEPBURN, victorious Ontario Liberal leader, Mr. Hepburn was himself elected in Elgin, capturing the riding from the Conservative by a fine majority.

**Alexandria**

St. James' Ward	211	98
St. Paul's Ward	199	134
St. George's Ward	125	143
Lancaster Village	176	120
Maxville Village	156	264
Vankleek Hill Village	440	269
<b>Charlottenburgh Township</b>		
St. Raphaels	110	80
Williamstown	158	170
Lancaster South	94	80
Summerstown	147	118
Tyotown	127	68
Fashion's Glen	75	74
Martintown	150	154
Munroe's Mills	71	39
Glenn Roy	57	80
<b>Kenyon Township</b>		
Third Kenyon	85	79
Greenfield	148	146
Dunvegan	168	104
Dominionville	63	32
Laggan West	74	70
St. Elmo	85	84
Apple Hill	150	149
Fourth Kenyon	50	59
First Kenyon	49	12
Fassifern	36	46
<b>Lancaster Township</b>		
South Lancaster	94	80
Bainsville	256	54
Picnie Grove	93	21
North Lancaster	81	48
Bridge End	179	54
McDougald's	139	53
Glen Nevis	91	47
Cholette's	60	38
<b>Lochiel Township</b>		
The Gore	23	41
Glen Robertson	214	156
Glen Sandfield	143	52
Dalkeith	93	92
Breadalbane	78	22
McCrimmon's	82	61
Kirk Hill	73	59
Quigley's	108	63
Cameron's	84	62
MacPhee's	59	41
<b>Caledonia Township</b>		
S. S. No. 1	119	15
St. Amour	116	16
St. Bernardin	201	49
Skye	42	29
S.S. No. 7	31	40
<b>East Hawkesbury Twp.</b>		
Barb	86	26
St. Eugene	113	70
St. Anne de Prescott	225	58
<b>West Hawkesbury Twp.</b>		
C. P. R. Station	79	28
Aberdeen School	78	49
	6244	4085
Sangsters' Majority 2,159.		

**Lawn Social**

A Lawn Social, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid of Dalhousie Mills United Church, will be held on the Mance Lane, Dalhousie Mills, on July 10th next. The program committee are endeavoring to secure the services of

## Failed To Elect Single Conservative in Sask.

REGINA, June 20.—Saskatchewan's Co-operative government was annihilated today, swept from power by the most astounding surge of Liberal ballots in the 30-year history of the province. As the vote-count in the provincial election neared completion, not one follower of Conservative Premier J. T. M. Anderson had been elected and not one was leading in the few doubtful constituencies.

James G. Gardiner, whose forces were ousted from power in 1929 after a quarter-century of Liberal rule, found himself at the head of a group of 44 in a 55-seat legislature, with every prospect of a further increase in his forces. Every member of the Anderson cabinet was defeated.

**Turnover Indicated**

The marked turnover in Saskatchewan is indicated in the following comparison of the party standings in the old and new legislatures:

	Old House	New House
Liberals	26	43
Farmer-Labor	—	3
Conservative	23	—
Independent	5	—
Progressive	4	—
Vacant	5	—
Doubtful	—	7
Deferred	—	1
Total	63	55

"Our Jimmy" of radio fame who proved his worth last year as an entertainer. At any rate the program of music and song will be the best yet Admission—Adults 25c, children 10c—Lunch 10c extra.

## Coming Engagements

- June 23—Lacrosse Match, Chisholm Park, Alexandria.
- June 26th—Social, Kirk Hill United Church grounds.
- June 27th—Social, St. Alexander's Church grounds, Lochiel.
- June 29th—Social, Glen Sandfield United Church grounds.
- July 2—Social, St. Martin of Tours, Glen Robertson.
- July 4—Social at St. Raphaels.
- July 5—Dance, Corona Hall, Dalkeith.
- July 9—Social St. Columba Church grounds, Kirk Hill.
- July 10—Social Dalhousie Mills United Church.

It is prophesied that straw will come into more prominence in the making of paper.

Eighty per cent. of the population of the Soviet Union is peasantry.

## Wife of Ex-Glengarrian Dies At Devil's Lake N. D.

(Devils Lake Journal June 2)

Mrs. G. J. McIntosh, 48, wife of a prominent physician of this city, died at eleven thirty o'clock last night at her home. She was seized with a stroke last evening and never regained consciousness. This was the fourth stroke, the first being on January 15, 1931, which confined to her home as an invalid.

Mrs. McIntosh had a wealth of friends and her untiring efforts in caring for the sick during the "flu" epidemic of 1918 and 1919 has formed a monument of respect in the minds of people throughout this region. She worked day and night for months during that time and numberless people in this vicinity owe their lives to her constant care.

She was born February 16, 1886, at Elk River, Minn., attending the public schools of that town. She entered nurses training at St. Barnabas hospital in Minneapolis, graduating with the class of 1907. For a short time later she served as night supervisor of that institution and when the General hospital in this city was opened in 1908 she came to Devils Lake to serve as its first supervisor. She married her surviving husband December 25, 1909, and to this union two children were born, Donald of this city, and Marion a student at the University of North Dakota. She was a member of the Order of Eastern Star and of the Presbyterian Ladies Aid.

Besides her husband and two children, she is survived by her aged father, A. L. Colson of Bonners Ferry, Idaho, and three sisters, Mrs. Charles Davis of Marshfield, Ore., Mrs. Al Kienholz of Spokane, Wash., and Mrs. C. Wedevan of Bonners Ferry.

Throngs of friends who were paying their last respect to Mrs. G. J. McIntosh taxed the capacity of the Westminster Presbyterian church at the funeral services conducted by Rev. S.M. Kelly, pastor of the church, and Rev. Alec Macbeth of Williston. The masses of flowers were an unspoken tribute to the high esteem which was held for the deceased and were a reminder of her selfless devotion in nursing during the flu epidemic of 1918 and 1919. Nurses in uniform formed a guard of honor and doctors of Devils Lake, Starkweather, and Warwick attended the services in a body.

During the services a quartet composed of Avery L. Johnson, Mrs. H. J. Baumgartner, Miss Nadine Nimmo, and H. M. Weir, sang three hymns, "Softly Now the Light of Day," "Sun of My Soul Thou Saviour," and "O Love That Will Not Let Me Go."

Funeralbearers included Hans Westergaard, R. C. Collinson, O. C. Thomas, John McLean, Sylvester Flumerfelt, and Hans Mikkelsen. Interment was made in the G. A. R. cemetery.

Out of town relatives here for the funeral were her sister, Mrs. Charles Davis of Marshfield, Ore., and Mr. and Mrs. A. Kyle and daughter Dorothy of Huron, S. D.

## St. Margaret's Convent Distinguishes Itself in Music Tests

Early last week Mr. J. W. Bearder, Mus. D., F.R.C.O., representative in Ontario of the Dominion College of Music, visited Alexandria for the purpose of conducting the annual examinations of the music pupils at St. Margaret's Convent. Reverend Sister Mary of St. Rose had prepared her class with such care and skill that all her pupils passed these examinations with first class honours and earned special commendations from the examiner.

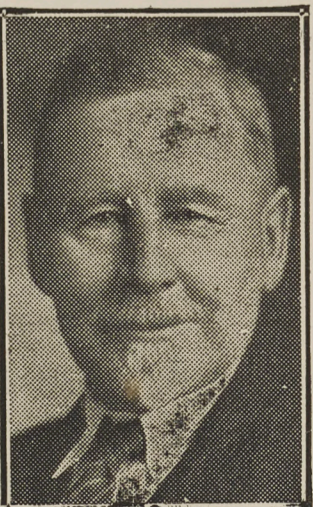
The candidates were—**ADVANCED SENIOR**:—Miss Phyllis Cheney.  
**INTERMEDIATE**—Misses Betty Morris and Rachelmary MacMillan  
**JUNIOR**—Miss Isobel Dolan.  
**ELEMENTARY**—The Misses Claire Macdonald and Lillian Dufresne.

Both teacher and pupils are to be congratulated upon the exceptionally good showing made in the course of these examinations and when it is realized that each of these pupils averaged 90% or better in the examinations in question, some idea of the efficient training received at this institution can be obtained. The students will receive their diplomas in the course of the next few days and will have the satisfaction of finishing their year with distinction.

## Remerciements

Aux Electeurs de Glengarry.  
Mesdames et Messieurs,  
Je ne sais comment exprimer ma reconnaissance pour le vote extraordinaire que vous m'avez accordé mardi dernier. Non seulement mes amis de Glengarry mais la population des parties de Prescott qui nous ont été ajoutées pour la campagne provinciale ont travaillé avec un enthousiasme épatant pour la cause Libérale. C'est vous qui avez gagné cette victoire glorieuse. La confiance que vous exprimée me touche au fond du coeur. Veuillez accepter mes remerciements les plus sincères, et soyez assurés que je verrai à vos intérêts et je travaillerai pour votre bien-être avec toutes mes forces et toute mon énergie.

Votre fidèle serviteur,  
**JAMES A. SANGSTER**  
Bainsville le 20 juin 1934.



JAMES A. SANGSTER, M.L.A.

## Thanks

To the Electors of Glengarry:—  
Words cannot convey my appreciation of the support you gave me in the Provincial Election which took place on Tuesday of this week. The confidence you have shown in me warms my heart and fills me with gratitude. The entire credit for this wonderful victory belongs to you and particularly to those of you who have taken an active part in promoting the interests of the Liberal party in this riding. You may rest assured that the interests of my constituents will be at all times my first thought with which must be coupled the interests of Ontario as a whole. I will do everything in my power to justify the confidence which you have manifested by the enormous vote polled in my favour on Tuesday.

Again thanking you for your splendid support, I remain,  
Yours faithfully,  
**JAMES A. SANGSTER.**

# Of Interest to Farmers

## DAIRY PRODUCE BOARD

(Farm and Dairy)

What advantage are dairy farmers going to take of the new marketing legislation passed at Ottawa? It is natural to expect that the establishment of a national Dairy Produce Board, as advocated by the Canadian Dairy Farmers' Federation, will be the first move to be made. Such a board should be modelled closely after the New Zealand and Australian Boards, but given extra powers designed to enable it to operate efficiently under Canadian conditions. Such a board would not be a marketing board except as it might have power to market any surplus of dairy products, such as butter, which may have an unduly depressing effect on prices, as such surpluses accumulate from time to time.

The main purpose of a Dairy Produce Board would be to give the leadership to the industry which it has lacked for years and which dairy farmers in competing countries have been given. A Dairy Produce Board would be composed of leading dairy farmers representing different sections of Canada and probably a representative of the produce trade. It should have power to establish a London agency which would supervise the marketing of Canadian dairy products in Great Britain. This supervision would not take the form of selling the product but would be intended to regulate shipments as to prevent the accumulation of glut. It would advertise our products abroad as New Zealand and Australia have been doing with the object of developing the markets and improving the net returns to producers.

A Produce Board should have full control over the shipping of dairy products. This would place it in a strong position to negotiate shipping contracts with the North Atlantic Shipping Combine. It should have power to adopt a national brand to be used on only the highest class of dairy products and advertised both at home and abroad.

Such a board would be expected to find what steps competing countries have taken and are taking to improve the outlets for their dairy products and to adopt similar measures when such action seemed desirable. It would soon find the necessity for reducing the cost of producing and manufacturing cheese and butter in Canada and for giving the leadership in these matters which should result in the savings of tens of millions of dollars to our producers. Such a board would be financed by a levy made on the industry itself.

The great shrinkage taking place this year in our production of cheese, together with the fact that we have lost our export butter market, proves that a Dairy Produce Board cannot be appointed too soon. It is fortunate that the leading dairy farmers' organizations of Canada should have united last March in forming the Canadian Dairy Farmers' Federation. The Federation has been working closely with the Dominion Marketing Committee and is in a position to give leadership to the demand for the early appointment of a Produce Board. This subject should receive the immediate and close attention of Canadian dairy farmers from coast to coast.

## WILD APPLE TREES HARBOR FOR PESTS

Wild apple trees are harbors for orchard pests. The codling moth, oyster-shell scale, apple maggot or "railroad worm," leaf crumpler, various leaf-feeding insects and others. Their trunks, branches, leaves and fruit are breeding places for the pests, which spread at will to useful trees. Scattered as they are about the back pastures and along the fence rows of many farms, these wild apple trees, for the most part, scraggy, unkempt, unsightly, and useless for fruit production, are a deadly menace to the cultivated orchards on adjoining fields. But there is one use for them. Apple wood is good fuel, and consideration might be given to cutting down and utilizing those sources of danger to the home orchards. The Entomological Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, which wages ceaseless war on these insects, point out that last winter in Nw Brunswick the branches of wild apple trees bore large numbers of tent caterpillar eggs, presaging a heavy infestation of these insects in June.

## MARKETING SOYBEANS

Marketing soybean seed is not complicated. The beans are used for three main purposes— for feed, seed, and industrial uses. Very little, if any, soy bean seed is marketed for feed, and, if used for this purpose, it is usually fed at the farm on which it originates. Of the beans sold for seed, probably the greatest proportion is marketed directly by the growers themselves. Some seed is disposed of through the regular seed houses, while the oil mills may arrange to supply the requirements of intending growers. Seed used for industrial purposes is marketed at present directly by the farmers. There are at present two oil mills crushing soybean seed in Canada (both located in Ontario) and the seed requirements of both are produced almost entirely under contract.

## VALUATION OF ROOTS

In estimating the cost of producing farm crops, considerable difference of opinion exists as to what value should be given to roots. In the bulletin issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture dealing with costs in Eastern Canada, roots have been valued on the assumption that 600 lbs of roots are equal to 100 pounds of hay, which gives them a value of \$1.87 per ton. On this basis there has been an average loss of \$31.03 per acre. On the other hand, if roots are valued on the basis that their dry matter is equal in value to that in concentrates such as mixed grain, they would have a value of \$3.74 per ton, which would transform the loss of \$31.03 per acre to a profit of \$3.05. This latter method of calculation, however, would be correct only when very small quantities of roots were fed per day.

## SUGGESTS ESTABLISHMENT OF "BETTER SEED AREAS"

With 'better bull' areas, 'T.B. free' areas and 'warble free' areas, why not 'better seed' areas? asks A. H. Martin of the Crops Branch, Ontario Department of Agriculture. At the last session of the Ontario Parliament, Mr. Martin points out, enabling legislation was passed whereby any county by by-law on the approval of the Minister of Agriculture may add local troublesome weeds to the list of noxious weeds under the Ontario Weed Control Act.

Counties which already have a reputation for the production of high class seed grain and grass seeds may still further organize and improve their product by declaring themselves a "better seed" area and taking the necessary steps to control such local weeds as "milkweed," "crowfoot daisy," "teasel," "elacampagne," "leafy spurge," "wild mustard" and others in addition to the eighteen weeds termed noxious under the Weed Control Act.

### Hard to Grow Clean Seed.

Weeds spread their seeds so rapidly from farm to farm with the assistance of wind, water, birds, etc., that it is now very difficult for individual farmers to continue the production of high class seed grain. The only logical and economical method is for whole areas, including the whole or part of a county or counties, to organize as a "better seed" area and take such community effort as is necessary to control all troublesome weeds in the area.

Where a large number of seed growers are located in one locality or district, the products of all the growers may be handled under one sales organization. Further, high quality registered seed may be distributed throughout the Province in carlots sealed in bulk in the car. With the cost of bags and sealing each bag individually, eliminated, the best seed may be distributed at a cost very little over the market price for ordinary seed.

### Raise Average Yield.

Practical experience has shown that seed grain true to variety of know origin, clean and well graded, will greatly outyield mongrel seed poorly graded. The object of "better seed" areas would not be to increase the numbers of registered growers throughout the Province, but to encourage the use of better seed generally, and thus raise the average yield per acre.

Modern power seed cleaning and grading plants are now being established in Ontario at the rate of about fifteen per year. The policy of paying a grant amounting to 50 per cent. of the invoice cost of the machinery installed, will, no doubt, continue until a modern seed-cleaning plant is within a reasonable distance of every farmer in Ontario.

### Control Feed Grains.

Plans are also under way to control, to a greater extent, the weed seed content of feed grains imported into Ontario. As there are only four weeds, all of which are of minor importance, known to be native of Ontario, it would appear that the solution to our weed problems lies to some extent at least in the control of weed seeds coming into the Province.

Chemical weed killers are being used in large quantities each year, and as soon as municipalities are relieved of serious unemployment situations there isn't much doubt but what chemicals will be used generally for the destruction of roadside weeds.

With all these factors actively in force, along with the rising appreciation of the value of good clean, plump seed the time now seems ripe to establish in Ontario "better seed" areas.

## DANGER IN POISON BAITS

Timely warning has been given of dangers attendant on the use of poisoned grasshopper baits. It is dangerous to leave mixing utensils where live stock can reach them and ought to be carefully guarded against. This also applies to bags in which bait is transported. Poisoning of live stock is also possible when poisoned bait is put out in lumps instead of being spread finely. If cattle are well supplied with salt they will be less apt to be attracted to bait in which salt is present. There is also danger to the farmer himself of getting the poison dust in his mouth and nose when mixing the bait. This real danger can be obviated by tying a cloth over the nose and mouth, or by wearing a protective mask.

## CANADIAN FIELD CRICKET

The summary for 1933 of the Canadian Insect Pest Review of the Dominion Entomological Branch shows that the field cricket was again present in great numbers in Manitoba, particularly in the eastern portion. In late August the crickets became a great nuisance by invading farm homes and other buildings. The species was also generally common in Southern Saskatchewan, and, as in 1932, extraordinarily abundant in districts of heavy clay soil. In Eastern Ontario, a slight decrease in numbers was reported. Local infestations of the mormon cricket, of little or no economic importance, were noted in southeastern Manitoba and southern Saskatchewan. In the latter area, the crickets were reported mostly feeding on grasshoppers.

## CANADIAN AGRICULTURE

Agriculture, including stock raising and horticulture, is the chief single industry of the Canadian people, according to the last census, employing 28.7 per cent of the total gainfully occupied population and 33.9 per cent (or over one-third) of the gainfully occupied males. In addition, agriculture provides the raw material for many Canadian manufacturers, and its products in raw or manufactured form constitute a very large percentage of Canadian exports.

## English People Greatest Dog Lovers in World

It is generally accepted that the English are the greatest nation of dog lovers on earth.

One of the strongest proofs of this lies in the fact that in almost all of the paintings of rulers and great men of bygone times a dog is depicted somewhere.

In practically all the paintings of King Charles I a King Charles spaniel is found. Who has not heard of the devotion of a greyhound to King Richard II? Mary Queen of Scots is shown in a picture with a Skye terrier. This terrier was missing on the morning of Mary's execution, and when the blood-stained body was taken up, the animal was found crouching beneath her robes. He "could not be gotten forth but with force, and afterwards would not depart from the corpse, but came and laid between her head and shoulders." A lady took charge of him, but the poor thing refused all further connection with human beings and pined away.

Very similar was the action of the Pekinges which stood over the bodies of the czar of Russia and his family and defied the assassins until a bullet settled his defiance forever. A pug once saved the prince of Orange by giving warning of the approach of a raiding party. The prince always had a pug of some sort or other so long as he lived.—American Kennel Gazette.

## Precious Stones, Posies

### That Have Some Meaning

January's stone is the garnet. The others are: February, amethyst; March, bloodstone; April, diamond; May, emerald; June, pearl; July, ruby; August sardonyx; September, sapphire; October, opal; November, topaz; December, turquoise.

Poetry, tradition and popular usage has ascribed different meanings to flowers, though there is no authoritative list or uniform agreement. Here are the names of a few: Anemone—anticipation, frailty; apple blossom—admiration; buttercup—wealth; calla lily—magnificent beauty, pride; white camellia—innate worth; cardinal flower—distinction; cornflower—delicacy; cowslip—youthful beauty; daffodil—unrequited love; daisy—simplicity, innocence; dandelion—coquetry; forget-me-not—true love; foxglove—insincerity; geranium—gentility; golden rod—encouragement; heather—loneliness; heliotrope—devotion; white heather—good fortune; hollyhock—ambition; honeysuckle—friendship; hyacinth—sorrow; narcissus—vanity; orange blossom—marriage; rose—love; shamrock—loyalty, and the violet—modesty.

## Rove Beetles

Rove beetles are very common about decaying animal matter, and are often found upon the ground under stones or other objects. They are mostly very small insects; a few species, however, measure half an inch, or more, in length. The body is long and slender, with short wing covers. The wings are fully developed, often longer than the abdomen. When not in use, the wings are folded beneath the short wing covers. The insect when it folds its wings very often finds it necessary to make use of the tip of the abdomen, or one of its legs, to assist in folding the wings beneath the wing covers. These beetles run very swiftly and have the curious habit of raising the tip of the abdomen in a threatening manner when disturbed. The larvae of these beetles resemble the adults in the form of their bodies, and are found in similar situations. About one thousand species of Rove Beetles have been described in North America.

## Abyssinians Dance in Churches

In Abyssinia are strangely preserved many forgotten rites of the ancient Hebrews and the first Christians. After the Queen of Sheba's visit to King Solomon, it is said 12,000 Hebrews of the best families in Jerusalem settled in the land. The descendants of these people today form the aristocracy of Abyssinia and are Christian. On the other hand, another contingent of Hebrews came to Abyssinia after the destruction of the Temple at Jerusalem, and have remained faithful to the original Jewish religion. It is an interesting fact that the Abyssinians still dance in their churches, as the Israelites did before the Ark.

## Genesis of a Stogie

When the Argonauts drove their large, white canvas-covered wagons across the desert, their drivers needed something to keep their minds off the dust and death around them. They carried long cigars, bought in Pittsburgh at the start of their trip, around the top of their boots. The wagons they drove were called Conestoga wagons, because they were made in Conestoga, N. Y. When the driver wished to be especially polite to a rider alongside him, he would reach down into his boot for a cigar. The smoke became known as a "Conestoga cigar"—and was finally shortened to "stoga"—hence, stogie.

## Remarkable Descendants

From Jonathan Edwards, president of Princeton university who married Sarah Pierrepont in 1727 have descended—12 college presidents, 65 college professors, 60 physicians, 60 authors, 30 judges, 80 state governors, 100 lawyers, 100 clergymen, 285 college graduates, 3 congressmen, 2 United States senators and 1 United States Vice President.

## Indiana Broke in 1837, and Owing \$14,000,000

The first white persons to enter the present limits of the state of Indiana were French explorers and traders. In the winter of 1679-80 La Salle crossed the portage from the St. Joseph to the Kankakee river. In 1702 the French built a fort at Vincennes, and soon after made the first permanent settlement. In 1703 the English occupied the territory, which previously had been inhabited by French and Indians. The Virginian expedition under George Rogers Clark in 1778-9 conquered the region west of Ohio and north of the Ohio river, known as the "Illinois Country." This was ceded in 1783 to the United States, and became part of the Northwest territory four years later. In 1800, Indian territory was organized, including the present Indiana, Illinois and Michigan. The state of Indiana was admitted to the Union in 1816.

An era of wild speculation in land culminated in 1837 in general bankruptcy and a state debt of \$14,000,000. The construction of the National road and the beginning of railroad building in 1847 renewed prosperity, and between 1850 and 1860 the Wabash and Erie canal was built.

During the Civil war, Indiana furnished a full quota of men, and was an important source of food supplies. Industry was stimulated by the development of coal deposits from about 1870, and the discovery of abundant natural gas in 1885. In 1905 a new municipal code providing uniform system for cities and towns was put into effect.—Indianapolis News.

## Marathon Dance Is Old in Venezuelan Jungles

In the Venezuelan jungles near the lonely Brazilian border the cock-of-the-rock, sometimes called "the most beautiful bird in the world," goes through a remarkable dance routine. The performance takes place on the ground witnessed by a score or more of other flame colored males and their drab consorts, gathered on bushes.

While the audience cheers approvingly, the dancer, with lowered wings and outspread pumping tail, walks round and round, scratching the ground and springing into the air. When it tires another male takes its place. There seems to be no data as to the duration of these marathons, according to the National Geographical society.

Other dancers even more accomplished are the manakins. There is one with jet-black coat and bright-blue cap; another, of the same diminutive size, exactly like him except that the blue cap is replaced by one of white; and a third of the same stature, with orange head and red boots.

All are denizens of the deep shadows of the undergrowth, and in the dusk might well be mistaken for little black-coated gnomes, as they go so seriously about their intricate dances.

## Oats of the Hebrides

On Uist and other islands of the Hebrides there grows a special oat called the "small oat." Plant breeders know it as *Avena strigosa* and it is the only oat that can be grown in these islands. The Hebridean islands are situated off the northwest coast of Scotland where farming conditions are not too favorable. The small oat is also grown in Wales. It was very common on most farms in Scotland prior to 1760, when newer varieties of oats were introduced. The small oat has a higher feeding value than the cultivated varieties. The analysis shows it to be higher in protein, oil and ash, and lower in carbohydrates and fiber than ordinary oats. The small oat is an important crop in these islands and in parts of Scotland and Wales where it is also used to feed in sheaves to stock, and is mainly depended on for fodder.

## Cheops, the Great Pyramid

The ten giant pyramids comprising the celebrated Egyptian graveyard include Cheops, only 74 feet lower than the Washington monument, and Chephren, 270 feet shorter than the Woolworth building. The labor of hundreds of thousands was required for the work. Cheops, the great pyramid, alone required an army of 100,000 men working during the flood season of the Nile, three months each year, over a stretch of 30 years. No modern construction project can parallel this. The thought of it is staggering—2,300,000 blocks of solid stone, each weighing about two and one-half tons, cut and jointed and placed into position by hand like a close-fitting puzzle.

## Indians Fought Over Buffalo

With buffalo meat for food, buffalo hides for clothes and lodges, buffalo bones, horns and sinews for fashioning weapons, tools and implements—small wonder that the mighty animal became a strong motive in Indian rituals and ceremonies. Early Indian wars, especially between the mountain Indians (Utes) and those of the plains (Arapahoes and Cheyennes), came about, says Nature magazine, through contests for the choice buffalo hunting grounds.

## Whales' Food

The movements of plankton—the name given to the shrimp-like krill and other small crustacea which form the whale's chief food—afford an infallible clue to the mammal's haunts. On grounds where whale are abundant, plankton frequently appear in such shoals that the water, instead of being a normal gray, is tinted a vivid red.



**NIGHT and DAY!**

**DAY OR NIGHT.**

A WISE OLD OWL sat on an oak;  
The more he saw, the less he spoke;  
The less he spoke, the more he heard;  
Just take a tip from this wise old bird:

Smoke **WHITE OWL** CIGARS **5¢**

# WESTERN CANADA

## One Cent A Mile EXCURSIONS

GOING DAILY  
**JUNE 10-30**  
Return limit 45 days

Tickets good in coaches — small additional charge for Tourist Sleeper. Stopovers at Fort Arthur, Armstrong and points west thereof. Tickets, Tourist Sleeping Car reservations, and all information from any agent.

# CANADIAN NATIONAL

# Advertisements Are Pointers

A retail store will do more business if attention is directed to it by thousands of pointers. Imagine thousands of fingerposts scattered over a retailer's trading area, everyone of them pointing in the direction of the retailer's store, and bearing his name. It would cost a lot of money to set up and maintain thousands of fingerposts and it might be difficult to get permission to set up these fingerposts from those having authority. But if one could have them, they would be good advertisements—good directors.

Advertisements in one's newspaper are in very truth pointers. Every copy of the newspaper carrying the retailer's advertisement makes that advertisement a fingerpost. The advertisement multiplied thousands upon thousands of times, becomes thousands upon thousands of fingerposts.

**A Good Newspaper is Prestige.**

# Of Interest to Women

## IMPORTANT DETAILS IN HOME BUILDING

In talking over their experiences, a group of home owners, all of whom had bought their homes ready built, were unanimous in one conclusion. They all agreed that if they had it to do over again, they would wait extra time necessary to have their homes built to specification. From living in their present homes, they have learned that there are many items which would help toward economical and comfortable living which are not customarily installed in ready-to-sell houses.

It is only to be expected that builders, when making ready-to-sell houses, will not place the same emphasis upon important but unnoticeable details as prospective home owners will. They are building to make a profit, and they have found that they do not get an equivalent return for investment in unnoticed details. People seldom ask about insulation, for instance, and if they do, they take the builder's assurance that it is sufficient. Radiator placement is scarcely noticed by prospective buyers. They know nothing about the importance of flooring thickness, and are more interested in the appearance than in the weight of an outer door. Why, then, should a builder put an additional hundred dollars into extra insulation, or twenty dollars into extra piping for better radiator placement, or thirty dollars into thicker flooring, or ten dollars into a heavier door? For him it is a better investment to add half of his economies to his profits and subtract the other half from the selling price of the house to make a quicker sale.

On the other hand, good business sense on the part of a prospective home owner would make him spend a few hundred dollars at the time of building, on features which would save many times that amount during his occupancy of the home.

Perhaps the most rewarding expenditure of all would be for an extra layer of insulating material under the roof and on all the outside walls. The cost of this extra layer of insulation would be very small at the time of building, but it would save an appreciable amount of fuel year after year and would give greatly increased comfort in both summer and winter.

Wrong radiator placement may mean discomfort and added fuel expense in sections where winter must be met. So may wrong window placement. In cold climes the north side of the house must not be too generously equipped with windows. The heat radiation should be on the coldest or most exposed side of a room, preferably under a window. A heavy outer door is also necessary for winter comfort, and an entryway preferable to direct opening into the living quarters of the house. Heavy flooring on the downstairs rooms protects them from the cellar's coldness.

Cheap roofing is another expensive luxury with which a prospective home owner should not burden himself. He would prefer to pay the higher cost of good roofing when building rather than five or ten years later. He would also prefer to put a few extra dollars into good gutters and drains then, than into plaster and paper for leaked-into rooms in the succeeding years. Better do your second-guessing first.

## THE DAY IS HOT—DRINK COOLING DRINKS

(By Betty Barclay)

Do you remember, years ago, how you would clamor for something cool to drink after you had been playing out-of-doors, and how the men of the family had the same urge when they came in after a hard day's work?

We may complain about hot weather but it is often a great blessing in disguise. Heat produces perspiration. Perspiration draws poison from the body. Unless we catch a chill after extreme perspiration we have gained much and have lost nothing so far as health is concerned.

But how we crave something cool to drink. When we perspire our bodies demand something to take the place of the liquid that has been lost. The persons who perspire can drink huge quantities of water or something more tasteful day after day. In fact he has to do his in order to obtain the liquid he needs.

See that your children as well as the adults have their full quota of liquids during the hot weather months. When possible, prepare for them some fruit or berry beverage that will be tasty as well as cool. Beverages containing ice are great favorites with adults and seldom cause trouble unless they are swallowed too rapidly, or too much is taken at a time. With children, however, it is usually better to ice them until they are cool, but to serve them without the ice. Children do not tarry when a delicious fruitade is served. They are thirsty. They like the flavor. They drink it rapidly. Adults are more inclined to sip it and enjoy it slowly. Fortunately practically all fruit beverages are classed among the alkaline foods. Fortunately also, the sugar they contain is a quick-energy food which is very desirable to pep up tired little bodies as well as the tired men of the household.

Here are a number of recipes for delightful summer drinks that may be prepared with little expense and effort. Try them one by one and see how your family will appreciate them.

### SUMMER LEMONADE

Six lemons, 1 cup sugar, 6 cups cold water, lemon slices.

Extract lemon juice, add sugar, and stir until dissolved. Then add water and serve immediately, pouring into glasses over crushed ice (not too much ice for children). Place a lemon slice over the rim of each glass. By dissolving the sugar in the lemon juice before adding the water you will acquire the real "knack" of lemonade making.

### RASPBERRY PUNCH

One cup raspberries, 1 cup currants, 1 lemon, 1 pint boiling water, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup tea. Crush fruit and strain through cloth. Without taking the pulp from the cloth, put it into another dish and pour the boiling water over it. Drain off, but do not squeeze or it will be muddy. Add the sugar and stir until it is dissolved. Cool thoroughly before adding the fruit juice and tea.

### SUMMER APPELADE

Wash apples and dice, using the entire apple. Cook with enough water to cover, strain through a cloth add 1 cup sugar for each cup of juice thus obtained. Dissolve sugar in the juice and cool. Fill glasses half full of this apple syrup, add to each glass the juice of half a lemon and fill up with ice and water.

### PIAZZA DELIGHT

Half cup sugar, 2 1-2 cups water, 2 cups orange juice, 3 tablespoons lemon juice, grated rind 1 orange.

Boil sugar, water and orange rind together for 5 minutes. Chill, add fruit juice and serve.

## THE VALUE OF ACCURACY

(The Canadians)

If a number of people were asked to name the one quality that helps most to ensure, or at least to promote, success in life, no doubt a variety of answers would be given. Probably no one would be in a position to say that there is any one quality that is the one of supreme importance, but all would agree that there are certain requirements that are essential to the highest success. One of these is accuracy.

There are too many of the "oh-that-is good-enough" kind of people in the world—people who think that if they do a thing "about right," or get a computation approximately correct, that is sufficient. Such a habit of mind should be regarded seriously, for, if persisted in, it will absolutely prevent the attainment of the highest success in any vocation in life. In banking and other financial institutions absolute accuracy is demanded and bank clerks will spend hours and even days, in trying to locate a discrepancy of only a few cents. Two years ago the British Government's financial report, totalling over a billion dollars, showed an error of one penny in the balance sheet. During the year several of the ablest accountants and actuarial experts in England spent weeks in trying to find out where the mistake was, but in vain, and last year's statement again called attention to this slight error. So absolute is the accuracy required.

An exchange refers as follows to the subject "Accuracy is not a faculty. It is a habit. A man schools himself to look at things with a sharp, clear eye, and to remember what he sees without anything being omitted or added. He becomes habitually accurate, and without special effort. On the other hand, men of loose perceptions and careless habits find it almost impossible to be accurate, now matter how hard they try." "Young men and women who must earn their living ought to realize how much the habits of accuracy advances them in the estimation of their employers. A person may lack brilliancy but, if within limitations, he is absolutely reliable he will always find somebody who needs his services. Perhaps it might be truthfully said that nothing astonishes an employer like a man or woman can be depended on to do certain work with perfect accuracy."

## GIVE CLOTHES A SUN BATH

Clothes, draperies, or other materials harboring clothes moths should be removed from the house, brushed well and hung in the sun all day. When they are taken down they should be brushed again thoroughly before being taken into the house. By this time any larvae present should be dead. The closets where these moths were found should be thoroughly cleaned, the walls brushed and the floors scrubbed with a good soapy water.

Where insects gets into upholstered furniture they can often be controlled by the use of a high grade gasoline or else the furniture may be fumigated. So furniture can be made moth-proof by the use of a good moth-proofing chemical.

## HONIED BAKED APPLES

WASH and remove core, pare the upper half of the apple and mark with the prongs of a fork. Place apples in a baking dish with a little boiling water. Put a teaspoon of honey and a small piece of butter in each core. Bake frequently while cooking.

## HOUSEHOLD HINTS

A little vinegar added to stewing prunes greatly improves the flavor and surprisingly enough, lessens the quantity of sugar required.

When cooking rhubarb, and while it is still hot, try dropping in a small chunk of pineapple jelly and stir until melted. This gives distinctive flavor.

Save the thick piece of sugar which is generally found in candied peel and use it for sweetening fruit tarts.

It adds a lusciousness to the fruit.

Someone suggests that the origin of throwing an old shoe after newlyweds was intended to indicate that their chances of happiness was "slippery."

## Supposed "Impossibles"

### Not Always Impossible

That the commonplaces of today were the "impossibles" of yesterday is most graphically shown when bits of information like the following are brought to light:

The telephone was first thought of as a very marvelous laboratory experiment, nothing more. Chauncey Depew was asked to invest \$5,000 in the invention, but an expert electrician in his day warned him against it.

In 1866, a decade before Bell, one Joshua Coppersmith was arrested in New York for attempting to extort funds from "ignorant and superstitious people by exhibiting a device which he claimed would convey the human voice any distance over metallic wires, so that it could be heard by the listener at the other end."

A Boston newspaper at the time (incidentally, Boston is where Bell later perfected his telephone), editorialized about the arrest thus: "Well-informed people know that it is impossible to transmit the human voice over wires as may be done with dots and dashes and signals of the Morse code and that, were it possible to do so, the thing would be of no practical value. The authorities who apprehended the criminal are to be congratulated, and it is hoped that his punishment will be prompt and fitting, that it may serve as an example to other conscienceless schemers who enrich themselves at the expense of their fellow-creatures."—Washington Post.

## Field of Cloth of Gold

### Story of 15th Century

In June, 1530, two kings met in the fields near the small town of Andres in France. These two kings were Henry VIII of England, and Francis I of France. The meeting was held by special request of Francis, according to a writer in the Cleveland Plain Dealer, who wished to gain the friendship of the English king to aid him in his ambitious projects for curbing the power of his great rival, Charles V of Germany.

In consideration of the fact that Henry had crossed the channel to grant the interview, the meeting was held on land that still belonged to the English crown. Many of the nobility, of both France and England, were present, and endeavored to outdo one another in the magnificence and gorgeous decoration of themselves, their banners and tents, and their retinues of followers. The whole ceremonial was under the direction of that inordinate lover of pomps and vanities, Cardinal Wolsey, and from the extravagance and display attendant upon it its scene has been known to history as "the field of the cloth of gold."

## Crater Mystery Settled

The Arizona meteor crater has been a subject of controversy among geologists, physicists and mining engineers. The crater, which is situated in the plains near Winslow, Ariz., is an elliptical pit about three-quarters of a mile long and some 600 feet deep. It is surrounded by a circular ridge or parapet that rises about 150 feet above the plateau. Modern methods have settled the matter beyond doubt. A survey was made of the electrical resistance of the underground formations, together with observations on the variations of the earth's magnetic force. From these studies predictions were made as to the location and depth of the meteoric material, depth to water and other structural effects. Two drill holes put down verified the predictions, encountering the meteoric mass at a depth of about 680 feet. Thus the controversy was settled.

## West Point Requirements

It is not required that an applicant for admission to West Point be a high school graduate. But the entrance examination is such that unless he has had a first-class high school education or its equivalent, he will not be able to make an entering grade. The course of study is four years during which the cadets are under strict military discipline. Summers are spent in camp. Upon graduation cadets are commissioned second lieutenants in the United States army, and are assigned wherever they may be needed. Upon entrance to the academy a student binds himself to the government for eight years.

## Bees as Thinkers

Having proved that bees are blind to red colors but are able to distinguish between different designs or markings, the American Museum of Natural History goes a step further and proves that they possess intelligence and use it. A little trapdoor was used in the entrance to their hive which would open out but not in. Incoming bees, watched until some fellow bee came out and the waiting one slipped in while the trap was raised. Some others discovered that by turning a somersault they could over-balance the trapdoor and thus roll inside.

## Celluloid

Parkes and Stull, two Birmingham chemists, invented celluloid in 1847. Its constituents are gun-cotton and camphor, the latter rendering it pliable. Except for its inflammability, not surprising considering its composition, celluloid is an almost perfect material. Imitation ivory and safety glass have long been its staple productions. The chemist has found that by combining celluloid and fish scales he is able to produce artificial mother-of-pearl, of a texture calculated to deceive anyone but an expert.

## Health Service

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

### MEASLES

A red spotted rash appearing on top of what has been thought to be a common cold, lasting for a week or so, is likely measles. This, however, is not always the case because a red spotted rash may and does occur in other diseases, such as smallpox, for example.

Measles was known to the ancient world; we find it described in the earliest of medical writings. Today, it is known throughout the civilized world as a children's disease. All are susceptible to measles, and as exposure likely occurs in life, particularly among residents of congested areas, the disease is seen most frequently in children, although it is by no means uncommon among adults.

During the world war, it was noted that men brought into military camps from rural areas frequently contracted measles, never having had the disease previously. The men in battalions recruited from the cities, living in the same camps, escaped the disease; these latter had practically all had measles as children. Second attacks of measles do occur, but they are comparatively rare.

The specific cause of measles has not been discovered. Measles is one of the most readily spread of the communicable diseases, and it is difficult to control because it is infectious before the rash appears when the running nose, inflamed eyes, the cough and the fever are believed to be an ordinary cold.

The younger the child, the more serious is the attack of measles. The younger the child, the greater likelihood is there that the attack will be fatal or that it will be followed by serious complications. It is for these reasons that parents should exercise every reasonable precaution to protect younger children. The common belief that every child must have measles, and the sooner the better, is fraught with grave danger and leads to much needless suffering and wastage of young lives. To postpone the occurrence of measles until the child is at least five years old should be the aim of all who are responsible for safeguarding the health of children.

Practically, this means that the child who has what appears to be a cold or who is indisposed, should be kept away from other children. The best place for such a child is in bed, this both in his own interests and for the welfare of others. Neglected colds lead to serious trouble. Measles and other complaints begin as ordinary colds.

During the past few years, we have learned that the blood of patients who have recovered from measles—human convalescent serum—will, when injected, confer a temporary immunity or resistance to measles in the person injected. In the absence of convalescent serum, the whole blood of the parents is used, for they, as children, will likely have had the disease. Both methods are safe and valuable in protecting temporarily the young or sickly child who has been exposed to the disease.

Because measles so often leaves a trail of damage, the child who has recovered should be examined several months after recovery, to ensure that any damage may be found and treated.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

## When You Feel A Cold Coming On!

Stop it at once by taking ZUTOO TABLETS. Remember that Grippe and Pneumonia begin with a common cold. These tablets stop the pain and fever immediately, and assist nature in throwing off the cold. Taken in the beginning, the cold is often stopped overnight.



## BRENNAN & McDOUGALL

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc. Offices 102 Pitt St., Cornwall, Ont. G. E. BRENNAN, O. J. McDOUGALL 1-ly.

## INSURANCE

For Automobile, Fire, Farm and Life Insurance, apply to ROSS MacCAGL LUM, Marville, Ont. Telephone 603 B 1-2.

## MORE TIME OF YOUR OWN



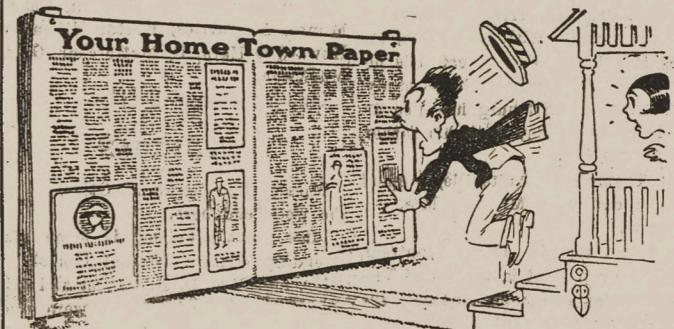
Kellogg's Corn Flakes take the bother out of breakfast. No cooking. No pots and pans to scour. And everybody likes them! Kellogg's will give you more hours of freedom to do the things you enjoy.

They're rich in energy—easy to digest. An ideal supper for children. Always oven-fresh. Made by Kellogg in London, Ont.

**Kellogg's FOR CONVENIENCE**



## IF...



During the night, somebody erected a gigantic sign directly in front of your door—it sure would get your attention in the morning, wouldn't it? You would stop and read every word of it, no doubt.

So it is with a Want Ad in the Classified Ad Section

The Glengarry News.

Small though it is, the amount of attention it gets from our 2,000 readers makes it as certain of results as the largest signboard in the world. Try it some time when you need help or want to buy or sell anything

Just---Phone No. 9

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GLENGARRY NEWS

### COUNTY NEWS MAXVILLE

Mrs. Mal. MacLeod had with her on Sunday, her daughter, Miss Anna MacLeod, R.N., Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Ross, Montreal, were guests on Sunday of his father, Mr. J. A. Ross.

Mrs. J. W. Weegar spent the week end with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Anderson Montreal.

Messrs. Hilton MacEwan and Donald MacLean, Ottawa, were at their homes here on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Logan, Milverton, Ont. were guests this week of Maxville friends, who cordially greeted them.

Miss Isabel Laug, Ottawa, spent Sunday in town with her mother, Mrs. Allan Lang.

Miss Donald Robertson, R.N., Montreal, was a week end guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Robertson.

Mrs. W. B. MacDiarmid who was visiting Mrs. D. Brodie, Montreal, has returned home.

Sunday visitors included Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Martin and Miss Georgina Martin of Ottawa.

Miss Alma Macdonald who was attending Ottawa Normal School has arrived to spend the holidays with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Macdonald.

John and Miss Margaret Dingwall, Montreal, motored to town and spent the week end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Dingwall.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Macdonald and Miss Muriel Macdonald and William Alfred, Ottawa, were guests on Sunday of Mrs. Wm. Macdonald.

Rev. Dr. P. A. MacLeod and Mrs. MacLeod returned to town last week after a brief holiday during which Dr. MacLeod attended the meetings of the General Assembly in Toronto. He occupied his own pulpit on Sunday.

On Thursday last, Messdames D. C. McDougall, J. H. Hamilton, Mal. Macintosh attended SHARO IRSE L. Hill, Leed, D. MacEwen and D. J. McIn in Lancaster.

Professor J. D. MacMillan, M.A., of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburg, Pa., has arrived in town to spend the summer with his sisters, the Misses MacMillan, Fair Street. His nephew Peter MacKerchar who is studying medicine in Pittsburg has also arrived home to holiday with his father, Peter MacKerchar.

Earl Thompson, Aultsville, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rowe.

The latest reports from Montreal, where he is a patient in the Royal Victoria Hospital, after a serious eye operation, indicate that Frank Bronskill is in good physical condition. What the outcome will be will not be known for some days. His mother, Mrs. E. L. Bronskill is with him.

Much sympathy goes out to Mrs. Jos. Armstrong upon the recent death at Norva, Ont., of her father. Mrs. Armstrong was called home a week ago Sunday, Mr. Armstrong joined her at the funeral which was held last week.

Miss Anna Dingwall, R.N., of Adrian, Mich., has arrived in town to spend a short holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Dingwall.

Dr. R. T. O'Hara, Mrs. O'Hara, Howard O'Hara, Mrs. Rose and Miss Katherine Thompson motored to Malone, and other northern New York State points on Sunday.

Donald Duperron, the genial boniface of King George Hotel, is either a shrewd political prognosticator or a mighty good guesser. While he was considered extravagant in his assumption two weeks previous to the election he estimated that Hepburn would have 60 followers in the new house.

**JUNIOR FARMERS CLUB**  
For this month the monthly meeting of the Junior Farmers Club will be held on Monday evening of next week instead of on Tuesday evening. This change is made in order to accommodate the special speaker who comes from Ottawa.

**AGAIN WINS HONORS**  
At the recent music festivals for the Province of Saskatchewan, held at Regina and Saskatoon, the winner of the Class A open violin section, the highest class on the program, was Ross MacRae of Regina, aged 15. He was awarded by the adjudicator, Thomas F. Dunhill of London, England, 86 and 87 marks for the two test pieces being three points higher than the next competitor. He was also awarded second place at the Regina festival for Class B trumpet solo. Master Ross is a well known in the Maxville district on account of having spent several summer vacations in the community.

**WOMEN'S INSTITUTE**  
The annual meeting of the District of Glengarry Women's Institute will be held in Maxville, on Thursday, June 28th. Sessions will commence at 10 a.m. and at 1.30 p.m.

The interesting and instructive programme, in addition to the presentation of reports and the election of officers, will include an address by the Provincial President, Mrs. Colquhoun. All ladies are cordially invited.

**AUNT EMMALINE'S KITH AND KIN**  
This play was presented by the St. Elmo members of the W. M. S. in the United Church hall, on Monday evening, under the auspices of the Challenge Bible Class.

Replete with subtle humor the play is a stricture on ancestral worship, not in heathen (?) China but in Christian (?) Canada. Between acts delightful violin numbers were rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Martin Ferguson and a vocal solo by Ed Hunter. The accompanists for the evening were Mrs. M. Ferguson, Mrs. R. T. O'Hara and Miss Gladys MacEwen.

**JUBILEE RINK COMPANY**  
Considering the financial conditions, the report presented at the annual meeting of the Jubilee Rink, held Monday evening, 11th, inst., was highly satisfactory.

The president, Robert MacKay, presided, the report of the secretary-treasurer being presented by J. Walter Smillie.

The total revenue, including balance from last year, was \$199.40. After all accounts had been paid, a balance of \$66.14 remains at credit in the bank.

Following are the officers for the current year—president, Fred L. MacMillan, vice-president, Jos. Armstrong, directors, R. G. Jamieson, Ben Villeneuve, Dr. A. T. Morrow, secretary-treasurer, J. Walter Smillie.

Allowing for depreciation both on building and equipment, the assets are shown at \$11,088.61, this being a surplus over liabilities of \$2,398.64.

Arrangements are about completed for the staging of a soft ball tournament, in the rink, in the near future.

**BLUEJACKETS DEFEAT MONKLAND**  
In a five innings softball game, played here on Monday evening, Maxville Bluejackets defeated Monkland 11 to 7.

Monkland—G. Jones, P. Lapierre, E. Coulthart, H. Graham, G. Lapierre, D. Crawford, G. Coulthart, T. Elliott, C. Kinnear.

Bluejackets—J. D. MacEwen, W. Carther, Herbert MacKilliean, Charles Munro, L. Currier, Hector Villeneuve, Howard O'Hara, D. McKerehar, Gerald MacEwen.

Umpires—Kerr and Cline.

**DUNVEGAN**  
Miss Helen Clarke of Ottawa spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rowe.

Miss Flora MacLeod is home after attending Ottawa Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Carson and Miss Muriel Stewart of Ottawa were week end visitors of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stewart who celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on Saturday last.

Mrs. Ted Mundy of Montreal, Miss Katie MacRae and Mr. Malcolm MacRae of Vankleek Hill, paid a short call here Saturday evening.

Miss Margaret A. MacLeod of Montreal, spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. D. C. MacLeod.

Mr. Norman Catton of Toronto also spent the week end here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Pettes and two sons and Mr. Hunter, all of Ormstown, Que., were week end guests at Kenneth MacKenzie's and A. A. MacLeod's.

Her many friends are sorry to learn of the continued illness of Mrs. John MacIntosh. We hope she will make a speedy recovery.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in Kenyon Presbyterian Church next Sabbath. Preparatory service begins Thursday evening. Rev. Donald N. MacMillan, M.A., B.D., Avonmore, will be the special preacher. Everybody welcome.

**GLEN ROBERTSON**  
Miss Gertrude Johnson was a Monday to Saturday visitor in Montreal.

Miss Bessie MacGillivray spent the week end with her sister, Miss S. MacGillivray, Clarence.

After ten days' holidays enjoyed with friends here, Miss Lillian West has returned to the City.

Mr. Robert McGillis of Montreal, spent a portion of the week with Glen friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan MacLeod, Kirkland Lake, renewed acquaintances here last week.

Mrs. R. McDonald and children Winnipeg, Man., arrived on Monday on an extended visit to her parents Mr. and Mrs. D. R. McDonald.

Messrs. Norman Stuart, Allan McDonald, the Misses Margaret, Peggy and Kathleen McDonald and Margaret McCulloch were in Montreal over the week end.

Others we noticed here recently were Gateau Dupuis, James and Martin Lacombe and Miss Edythe Lacombe, Montreal.

Mr. D. D. McRae had been a patient in the Monareal General Hospital for some days arrived home on Friday of last week.

The result of the lacrosse game held Monday evening between the Dalhousie and Glen boys was 4-2 in favor of Dalhousie.

The Glen has once more taken on some of its old appearance though it will take some years to replace the

trees that fell victims to the wind. Last week scores of visitors were seen here viewing the scene of destruction.

With a change of government the clerk of the weather after the copious rain we have been having is furnishing fine weather.

**APPLE HILL**  
Mrs. Donat Lefebvre and son Vernon visited Montreal on Friday.

Mrs. D. D. Grant spent the week end with friends in the Metropolis.

Miss Isabel McDonald, Lancaster, is enjoying a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Blazer, Detroit, Mich., were guests of her sister, Mrs. W. J. McCallum for a few days.

Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Endicott and little daughter, Montreal, spent the week end with Mrs. Angus D. Grant.

Mrs. Howard Coleman, Miss Eileen Coleman and Miss Myrtle Neville, visited friends in Moose Creek on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McDonald have as their guests, their daughter, Rev. Sister Mary Linus and Rev. Sister Bertelle of St. Elizabeth Hospital, Youngstown, Ohio.

The many friends of Mr. R. W. McDonald who had been a patient in the Hotel Dieu Hospital, Cornwall, are pleased to see him home again.

Mrs. N. Demo had as her guest the early part of the week, her brother, Mr. T. J. Manly of Butte, Mont.

After spending several weeks with his brothers, Messrs. Phillip, Hugh and D. D. Grant, Mr. Peter Grant left for Ottawa on Saturday.

Miss Alice Fraser and Mr. John Chisholm of Ottawa Normal, also Miss Lillian Neville who was attending Normal in North Bay, have arrived to spend the holidays at their respective homes.

**BRODIE**  
Mr. Angus N. MacMillan who is convalescing nicely had the Sunday fellowship of his friend, Mr. Donald MacGillivray.

Mr. Nathan MacArthur of Vankleek Hill, was a local visitor on Sunday.

Miss Beth MacRae arrived home from Vankleek Hill last week to the delight of her friends.

Mr. Lloyd MacMillan and Mr. Clarence Brodie were week end visitors from Montreal, Clarence is still holidaying here.

Inadvertently the pallbearers' names were omitted from last week's obituary for the late Mr. A. T. Jamieson. These gentlemen were: Messrs. W. F. Brodie, Fred Sabourin, Wm. Angus Smith, Dan B. Macdonald J. W. A. Smith and W. J. McMeekin.

**BONNIE HILL**  
Mr. Dougal R. McDonnell of the West is visiting his brothers, Messrs. Alex. and John McDonnell.

Mr. G. N. Edwards, Public School Inspector, paid this section a call on Tuesday.

Miss Hazel Hay has arrived home from Normal School, Ottawa, to spend her vacation with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Trotter spent Sunday visiting their daughter, Mrs. A. Trotter, Alexandria.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Paquette and Mrs. D. McDonald of Montreal, Sundayed with their brothers Donald and Joe McKinnon, Fassifern.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Cotthorpe, Miss Helen Sutherland, Messrs Arthur and Harold Southwick of Montreal, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hay on Sunday.

**LOCHIEL**  
Mrs. W. J. McKinnon spent the week end with relatives in Montreal.

The Misses Jessie and Dorothy Kerr, Montreal, spent the week end at their home here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. MacRae and Miss Theresa spent Sunday with Ottawa friends.

Messrs. J. W. MacRae, Clarence MacMillan and Angus Chisholm were among those who attended the Pasture Conference held at the Experimental Farm, Ottawa on the 13th inst.

**7TH CON. ROXBORO**  
Mr. Roddie McIntosh spent the week end with Montreal friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Arkinstall, Athol, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John McNeil and daughter Lorna, Dyer, visited with Mr. and Mrs. John K. MacLean on Friday.

Miss Katie McIntosh, R.N., Lancaster, is spending some time with her parent, Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. McIntosh.

Messrs. Murdie and Alex. MacLean took in the Lachute Fair on Thursday of last week.

Miss Jessie MacLean was a week end guest of her sister Miss Mary MacLean and other Montreal relatives.

Rev. W. B. McCallum, St. Elmo, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Peter McIntosh and family on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart visited

ed with Mr. and Mrs. Neil McIntosh Tolmie's Corners on Sunday.

Mrs. (Dr.) Stevenson, Avonmore, and Mrs. Boyd Johnson, Moose Creek West, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Willis Grant on Wednesday.

Mrs. Christie Buell, Gravel Hill and Mr. and Mrs. D. J. MacLean, Dyer, spent Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. Donald Fraser.

Miss Pearl McLennan, Ottawa Normal School, arrived home on Friday, to spend the summer vacation with her mother, Mrs. J. M. MacLennan. She had as her guest during the week, Miss Florence MacLeod, Fort William, Ont.

### Ontario Judgement On School Taxes

London, Ont., June 15.—A judgment believed to affect scores of cases throughout Ontario was brought down in county court here today when Judge Joseph Wearing declared that in cases of "mixed marriages" school taxes may be divided equally between the public and separate schools. About 50 such cases exist in London alone.

Ruling of the local court of revision that where a Roman Catholic wife and that half of their school taxes go to of their property, the wife may direct a Protestant husband held joint leases the support of the Roman Catholic schools, was upheld by Judge Wearing's decision.

The case was brought as a test by Thomas J. Holmes, representing the Board of Education, in an appeal against the Court of Revision's decision. This court had changed a ruling of the assessment commission which held all taxes should go to public schools.

Referring to particulars in the cases being heard, Judge Wearing said that joint leases to houses were made by four women and their husbands in 1934 with the declared motive to have the school taxes divided. Previously the husbands were the sole tenants and assessed as public school supporters.

The judgment declared that although the agreements filed were obviously entered into for the sole purpose of diverting the taxes, "it must not be presumed that they were improper."

Provision was made in the decision that should either party wish to appeal, the case may taken to higher courts. Judge Wearing intended referring the matter direct to the Ontario supreme Court but chose later to hand down judgment.

### A Judge's Advice

Mr. Justice J. M. McEvoy opened proceedings at Osgoode Hall last week at 10 a.m. instead of the usual 11 and found many lawyers absent despite the fact that notice of the change of time was published in the press.

"I suppose," His Lordship remarked, "there should be a mandamus compelling every man to read the newspapers, I've found in this business, as in every business, the capable man reads his newspaper every day."

Mr. Justice McEvoy is right. The capable man does read his newspaper every day. And he reads it thoroughly, from the front page to the last. There is no easier, cheaper or more entertaining way of finding out what is going on in the world; of keeping up with every development, local and foreign; of sensing the trends and securing a wealth of valuable information.

Once in a while you meet someone who says, contemptuously, "Oh, I never read the newspapers." In most cases, of course, the man isn't speaking the truth; he's merely peevish about something. In the remainder, there probably isn't enough intelligence in the make-up to permit the man to be interested in current events, politics, financial news or even sport.

—Border Cities Star

### First Aid Posts On Highway No. 2

Stations have been established at points every 12 miles between Toronto and Montreal, on No. 2 Highway, where motorists or pedestrians injured in traffic mishaps on lonely stretches of the road may receive first aid treatment.

Three organizations have co-operated to create this new service. The Ontario Motor League, the Canadian Red Cross Society, and the St. John Ambulance Society, with the support of the Provincial Department of Highways.

Large triangle signs, marked "First Aid Post," will indicate the presence of these stations, and it is hoped that they will have the additional function of serving as a warning to careless drivers on the highways.

Much of the equipment in the stations has been specially imported from England, where, and elsewhere, in Europe, first aid posts have been established on the highways, for some time.

### LETTER FROM A MAN OF 90

ABOUT HIS RHEUMATISM  
He asks us to excuse his writing. We do more than that—we congratulate him on being able to write at all at his age, especially as he has been suffering from rheumatism. This is what he says in his letter:—

"Three years ago I was in bed for six weeks with inflammatory rheumatism. Since that time I have been taking Kruschen Salts, and have not had another attack. But my hands are still somewhat stiff, I take Kruschen every morning before breakfast, and shall continue to do so, because I am sure it has kept me in good shape for three years. Excuse this writing, as I am ninety years old, and use both hands to write."—J. R. G.

Kruschen dissolves away those needle-pointed crystals of uric acid which are the cause of all rheumatic troubles. It will also flush these dissolved crystals clean out of the system. Then if you keep up "the little daily dose," excess uric acid will never form again.

For this continent, however, it is an initial experiment. If successful on No. 2 Highway, it is planned to extend the service for the whole of the Dominion. Several States in the Union also, it is stated, are watching the work with a view to duplicating it across the border. The nearest post to Toronto is at the junction of Nos. 5 and 2 highways, where the Danforth extension meets Kingston road, and the Ontario Motor League has received a report of the first case handled, according to W. G. Robertson. Monday a boy on a bicycle was struck by a truck and severely injured. The first aid post was close at hand. Voluntary workers went, brought the injured boy, gave him first aid treatment, and escorted him on a stretcher to the Toronto East General hospital.

It is explained that these first aid posts will in no way conflict with the interests of medical men, or of private ambulance organizations. The voluntary workers will give only first aid treatment, and their instructions are to rush injured persons to the first available doctor or closest hospital.

From a wireless point of view, the African airway is said to be most highly organized of any long distance air route in the world.

### Cent A Mile!

ROUND TRIP COACH EXCURSIONS TO ALL STATIONS IN WESTERN CANADA

Going Dates: Daily June 10 to 30  
Return Limit: 45 Days

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS PRIVILEGES

On payment of a slight additional passage fare charge for each person tourist sleeping car accommodation may be secured at regular rates.

Stopovers granted at Port Arthur, Ont. and all stations west thereof.

Full particulars from any agent CANADIAN PACIFIC

### Dance!

Corona Hall DALKEITH Thursday Evening

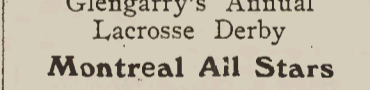
JULY 5th, 1934

Spark Dukelow's Six Piece Orchestra in attendance.

Admission, Gentlemen, \$1.00 Including lunch and tax.  
Dancing 9.30 p.m. to 3 a.m.

### Cash Specials

FOR Saturday and Monday Only



Black Safada Tea, per lb. \$0.55  
Black Salada Tea, per 1/2 lb. .28  
Granulated Sugar, 10 lbs. for. .58  
Eddy's White Swan Toilet Paper, per roll .12  
Oxydol, 3 pkgs for. .25  
Fresh Cabbage, each. .05  
Plums, large red 2 doz. for. .25  
Seedless Grapefruit, 3 for. .25  
Fresh Carrots, 3 bundles for. .25  
Nice Fresh Ripe Tomatoes, 2 lbs. .25  
Eating Apples, per doz. .25  
Bananas, large size, always in stock.  
Large shipment of strawberries to arrive on Monday or Tuesday morning in quart baskets.  
Bring me your poultry.

### BOX LACROSSE

Glengarry's Annual Lacrosse Derby  
Montreal Ail Stars VERSUS Alexandria  
Chisholm Park, Alexandria  
On Saturday  
23rd June, 1934  
Ball faced at 8.30 sharp.

Admission, Bleachers, 25 cts  
Standing Room, 15 cts.

### RENE LEGAULT

Home Owned Store—Phone 39  
We deliver.  
The place where your dollars buy more.

Butter, Graham's or Charlebois, special, per lb. \$0.23  
Robinhood rolled oats. China-ware, special. .32  
Robinhood pastry flour, 7 lb. sack. .25  
Fleischman's Yeast, special, cake. .03  
Macaroni, Spaghetti, Vermicelli, 3 lbs. .14  
Ketchup, 26 oz. bottle, special Windsor Salt, cotton bars. .09  
Sifting Tea, special, lb. .24  
Borden's Milk, condensed. .19  
Kisses, special lb. .12

We also have a complete assortment of Fruits Give your order now for strawberries.

Week end special in strawberries 17 cents large basket.

3 free markets  
3 winners every week.  
The winners last week were: Mrs. Edmond Deguire, Mrs. D'Albert Connell, Mrs. Roussin.

### Cent A Mile!

ROUND TRIP COACH EXCURSIONS TO ALL STATIONS IN WESTERN CANADA

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On payment of a slight additional passage fare charge for each person tourist sleeping car accommodation may be secured at regular rates.

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Full particulars from any agent CANADIAN PACIFIC

### Dance!

Monday evening

JULY 9th

St. Columba Church Grounds KIRK HILL Under the auspices of The Ladies Aid Society

A varied and entertaining programme of rare merit will be presented.

Admission, 35c, including lunch 26-2 Children 15c.

### A Lawn Social

Under the auspices of the United Church

Will be held on the Church Grounds

Glen Sandfield Friday night

JUNE 29th

A splendid programme is being prepared for both old and young.

Admission, Adults, 25c, Children, 10c Lunch 10c.

Come and bring your friends and spend an enjoyable night at Glen Sandfield.

### Kirk Hill Social

The Lawn Social of Kirk Hill United Church will be held on

Tuesday, June 26th, 1934

On the Church Grounds.

A varied programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Conjuring Tricks and Lighting Artist, among the attractive features.

Admission, adults 25c Children 15c Lunch 10c

### HENRY MAJOR

Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Glengarry, Reasonable rates. NORTH LANCASTER, ONT.

### 7 Summer Necessities that are found at

1. Cattle spray and sprayers that protect your cattle and increase the milk flow.
2. Frost & Barb Wire Fencing that keep you on friendly terms with your neighbors.
3. Window Screens and Wire Cloth that defy the germ carrying fly.
4. Hoes, Rakes, Delving Forks, Shears and Sprinklers, that help to increase your garden yield.
5. Poultry Netting, 24 to 72 in. high, Water Founts and Feed Troughs for the chicks.
6. Ride in security and ease on Firestone Tires and Tubes.
7. The always reliable Jap-a-Lac Paints and Varnishes.

### COWAN'S

MAXVILLE AND ALEXANDRIA.



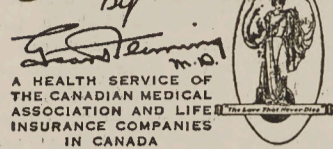
**ARE YOU ON A Diet?**

Then, more than ever, Nature needs the assistance, about twice each week, of a Purifying, Energizing, Effervescing glass of

**ANDREWS LIVER SALT**

In TINS—35c and 60c  
NEW, LARGE BOTTLE, 75c

**HEALTH**



#### ALLERGY

It is a fact that you may have a running nose, or swollen spots on your skin, or that you may struggle for breath, all from the same cause. To put this fact in other words, we might say that hay fever, asthma, and hives and words we might say that other skin disorders are related one to the other in that they all represent a reaction which is known as allergy.

The pollen of some grasses will cause hay fever; a strawberry may bring out a crop of hives and a feather pillow be responsible for an asthmatic attack, all because some people have a peculiar sensitivity to certain substances which have no effect upon the vast majority of persons.

When called upon to deal with such cases, the doctor assumes the role of a detective, with the hope that he may discover the particular substance or substances to which his patient is sensitive. To assist him in this, he will use certain tests.

These tests consist of rubbing into a light scratch on the arm an extract of the suspected substance. If a number of substances are under suspicion, then a series of scratches are made, one for each substance. At the point which has been rubbed with the substance to which the person is sensitive, a wheal will appear.

In practice, it is not always as simple as this because the person is, as a rule, sensitive to more than one substance, and there are so many to which he may be sensitive, that it is not easy, in many cases, for the doctor to find the culprit.

Knowing the responsible substance, it may be possible to avoid it when it is an article of food, a feather pillow, or dandruff from a horse. If, however, it is something like milk or eggs, it is difficult to eliminate these from the diet, and again, if pollens are responsible, necessity may keep a hay fever victim working in a district where these abound.

Fortunately, something may be done to overcome this sensitivity. Through a series of injections, in proper doses, the person who is sensitive to pollens may be desensitized, provided the responsible pollens have been recognized. Tolerance to foods may be built up by gradually increasing from the most minute amounts, such as one single drop of milk for example.

The real purpose of this article is to bring to the attention of our readers, the manner in which such cases are properly dealt with by discovering and removing the cause. Obviously, it is waste of time and money to take medicines to overcome a condition that is due to allergy or sensitiveness.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

**WILSON'S**

**FLY PADS**

**REALLY KILL**

One pad kills flies all day and every day for 2 or 3 weeks. 3 pads in each packet. No spraying, no stickiness, no bad odor. Ask your Druggist, Grocery or General Store.

10 CENTS PER PACKET  
WHY PAY MORE?  
THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., Hamilton, Ont.

#### Building Panama Canal Originated With Spain

The thought of building a canal across the Isthmus connecting North and South America originated with Spain in 1521, and some surveys were made at that time under the Spanish government, says the Indianapolis News. The serious business of building the canal, however, took shape in 1876 with the organization of a company in Paris which was to make the requisite surveys and investigations. Following an international scientific congress, in 1879, composed of 135 delegates from various nations, most of whom were French, which determined the site of the canal, a French company was formed which took up the work of construction on a large scale in 1883. Work on the canal was vigorously prosecuted until 1889, when the company became bankrupt under circumstances which produced charges of fraudulent transactions and of corruption upon a colossal scale. Suits were brought in the French courts against canal officials, including the president, contractors and others, who, it was charged, had benefited illegally in connection with the canal work. The property of the canal company was put in charge of a liquidator, and remained in his hands until 1894, when the new Panama canal company was organized and took over the assets of the old company. From 1894 until the property was acquired by the United States government, in May 1904, the new Panama canal company prosecuted the work of construction with a small force located almost entirely in the great Culebra cut.

#### Refracting Telescopes Are Difficult to Make

Most people think of a telescope as a long tube with a lens in one end and an eyepiece in the other, says Literary Digest. In instruments of this kind, known as refracting telescopes, the light is gathered by a large lens and focused in an eyepiece. Very large astronomical telescopes make use of another principle, that of reflection, because of the difficulty of making successful large refracting telescopes. In reflecting telescopes the light from distant objects is collected by a huge concave mirror, called the speculum, and focused on a smaller mirror, which in turn transmits the light to an eyepiece. When used for taking photographs the eyepiece is replaced by a camera.

Since the light-gathering power of a telescope mirror is proportional to its area, the bigger the mirror the more useful it will be—within certain limits. Thus, a 100-inch mirror should theoretically be able to "see" four times as much as a 50-inch one. The 100-inch telescope at Mount Wilson sees about as far as light can travel in 899,000,000 years.

#### Ancient British Village

The village of Cuddington, Surrey, England, is more than 1,250 years old and history records the existence of the place in the year 675, with the passing of Athelstan and Edward the Confessor. The neighborhood was famous from the reign of Henry VIII to that of Charles II as a center of royal festivities. In the sixteenth century Henry VIII fenced in some 1,600 acres of park and built Nonsuch palace, where for nearly two centuries the revels of the court was held. Later Queen Mary sold Nonsuch to the earl of Arundel. Afterwards it was possessed by Queen Elizabeth, and it was here that the ill-fated earl of Essex was arrested prior to his removal to the Tower of London. In 1870 King Charles gave the palace to Barbara Villiers, who dismantled the castle and sold the contents.

#### National Trees

According to the secretary of the British forestry commission, "there is no national tree for Great Britain." But judging from the crests of the Royal English Forestry society and the Royal Scottish Forestry society, the oak tree has been adopted as an emblem by Great Britain, and the pine tree by Scotland. The Canadian legation at Washington states "no tree has been officially designated as a national tree." However, the maple leaf is regarded as Canada's national emblem, and appears in the arms or ensigns armorial assigned to the Dominion by the royal proclamation of November 21, 1921. The particular variety of maple leaf is not therein described. "However, the variety which appears in the arms is the Acer saccharinum, commonly known as the silver maple."

#### Our War With Mexico

The crisis which brought about the war with Mexico was precipitated by the annexation of Texas. Mexico had never recognized or accepted the independence of Texas. An argument arose over a boundary question between Mexico and Texas. President Polk accepted the Texan point of view and ordered General Taylor into the disputed zone. By the Americans this was regarded as an act of defense but it was denounced by the Mexicans as an invasion of their country.

#### Ivory Nut Beetle

In the Panama Canal zone there is a small beetle which bores into the ivory nut, one of Panama's largest exports. These nuts are used to make buttons. This beetle is no larger than a grain of wheat, but it can penetrate the tough fibers of the ivory nut which is so hard as to turn the edge of a sharp knife.

#### Louisiana Lottery Was Last, Greatest of Kind

The Louisiana Lottery was founded in 1868 and it was said it sold \$23,000,000 worth of tickets annually and paid out approximately half that amount each year. It was the last and the greatest of the lotteries.

The main offices of the "Louisiana," as it was called, were in the center of the city of New Orleans, in a pretentious looking building with opaque windows. In the courtyard was a shallow fountain, and in the pool of the fountain was a huge live alligator, viewed by opponents of the lottery as emblematic of the scheme. They claimed children of ticket buyers might as well be thrown to the alligator, instead of being beggared, as they inevitably would be.

The monthly drawing of the "Louisiana" was described as highly picturesque. Streets were crowded with ticket vendors, brokers and interested investors. The actual drawing took place in the old French opera house, before boxes occupied by fashionably dressed women. On the stage, acting as masters of ceremony and distributors of lucky chances, were two "commissioners," both well known Confederate war heroes. It was said they received between \$15,000 and \$30,000 a year for presiding over the ceremonies. One sat in a chair and received the prize tubes from a blindfolded boy, at every twentieth prize closing the wheel, from which the drawings were made, for the periodical stirring up that was ostensibly designed to guard against fraud. The other "commissioner," more than six feet tall, had a "wheel of fortune" of his own, much larger than the other, over which he presided.

#### Animals and Birds Feel and Act as Human Beings

Instances to show that animals have largely the same feelings and emotions as human beings were cited by the director of the Taranga Park zoo, when he told how several members of a herd of elephants in Africa had been observed to go to the aid of a wounded comrade, and a wallaby to give assistance to another wallaby that was blind. As another example of the protective instinct in animals, says the Detroit News, a male kangaroo will take up the rear in retreat in order to draw the brunt of possible danger while the does and their young escape.

Birds, such as Sarus cranes, dance as we do for the fun of the thing, and they exhibit great thought in their gyrations. Cockatoos employ the sentry system, posting one bird as a lookout while others feed on the ground; the quality of leadership possessed by animals is evidenced in the V-shaped formation of wild geese while flying.

The variations in behavior encountered among different kinds of animals are attributed largely to environment. Animals act generally in the same way in given circumstances.

#### Cause of Tides

Tides are caused by the gravitational attraction, or pull, of the sun and moon on the water and on the earth itself. The close relation that the times of high water bear to the times of the moon's meridian passage shows that the moon's influence on tides is much greater than that of the sun; it has been estimated that it is two and one-half times as great. The result of this attraction of the moon is to draw or heap up the water, in the parts of the earth nearest it. The surface of the earth rises and falls twice in a lunar day of about 24 hours and 52 minutes. The tides do not always rise to the same height, but every fortnight, after the new and full moon, they become much higher than they were in the alternate weeks. These high tides are called spring tides and the low ones neap tides.

#### Santo Domingo Quaint City

Most ancient of existing settlements of white men in the western hemisphere is the quaint city of Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Christopher Columbus founded the city and claimed for Spain the island of Haiti, of which the Dominican Republic occupies about two-thirds. In Columbus' day the colony was named Hispaniola. One of the principal sights of Santo Domingo is the fortress wall and old gate leading into the city from the mouth of the Ozama river. The gate was heavily barricaded and the wall fortified in the early years of the city's history. Santo Domingo is capital of the republic.—Chicago Tribune.

#### Cork Used in Fabrics

One of the most unusual uses of cork is in the manufacture of certain fabrics in France. By using a specially constructed machine, thin pieces of cork are placed in chemical baths to remove the resinous parts which make the substance more or less brittle. After this has been removed the sheets may be folded and bent without breaking. By combining the cork sheets with any suitable cloth an excellent waterproof material may be obtained. The usual method is to glue the cork to the cloth.—Pathfinder Magazine.

#### Airplane Idea in 1640

The airplane and submarine were thought of in the middle of the Seventeenth century. This was declared by an official of the University of South Wales. He referred to a book written about 1640 by Lord Herbert Raglan. The title is "A Century of Invention," and the volume contains 100 suggestions, among them being ideas for airplanes and submarines.

# TAKING YOUR DOLLAR TO MARKET

EVERY year your family, and every family of your acquaintance, spends about 70 per cent. of its income just for living, exclusive of rent--so economic experts tell us. Think what this means--seven dollars out of every ten invested in food, clothing, household utilities and all the multitude of things that keep a family comfortable and happy.

That part of spending is readily understood. But do you realize that every manufacturer and retailer of these necessities is planning how he can get your dollar?

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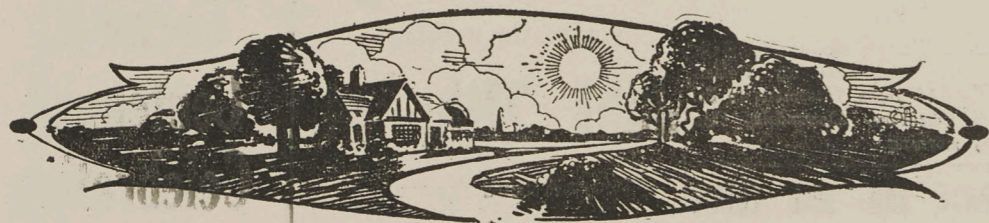
The clever woman goes for help to the advertisements in her local paper. There she finds a directory of buying and selling. She learns about the offerings of merchants and business people. She compares values. She weighs quality and price. She takes this opportunity of judging and selecting almost everything she needs to feed, clothe, amuse, instruct and generally bring up her family.

Do you read the advertisements? You will find them willing and able to serve you in the business of purchase.

• • • • •

Advertisements are guardians of your pocketbook - read them carefully.

# "The Gnome Mine Mystery"



By Pearl Foley (Paul de Mar) of Toronto.

## CHAPTER XXII The Wedge.

WHY DIDN'T you tell me that French giant had a sister?" Miriam's tone was nonchalant, but she watched covertly Roger's face.

"I suppose because I didn't think," replied Roger, "or I may have thought you already knew she was part owner of the mine."

"Is she pretty and vivacious as all French women are supposed to be?"

"Yes, both, but it's our own two selves that I prefer to discuss tonight—we may be interrupted any minute."

Miriam shook her head. "Mr. Seranton was called away to attend to some business engagement and when Uncle reaches his study he forgets there is such a thing as time. Besides, we can't very well discuss you without bringing in the side issues such as the St. Lamberts, etc."

"But why bring business in it all?"

"For the very good reason that I am to become a shareholder—unless ten thousand shares is too paltry an order. . . . But please don't stand by the chimney piece as though you were posing for 'Parting Lovers,' or 'The Quarrel.'"

"Miriam, you weren't serious about those shares," reproved Roger, dropping onto the couch beside her.

"Who says so?" but her glance fell under his.

"You were just being kind tonight and showing them you had faith in my enterprise. It was a corking thing for you to, do dear, and I love you more than ever, if that is possible, but confess that was your motive."

MIRIAM LAUGHED. "Well then it was, but all the same I'm going to stand by my guns."

"No you're not." Roger shook his head.

"You're not surely weakening under Uncle's tirade?"

"Not one whit, but—"

"Well you see I'm sort of forced into it. If I'm a shareholder I shall be entitled to know all about your doings and those of your partners. By the way, I suppose you see a great deal of this French girl?"

"I do when she is in Montreal. We three occupy the same apartment."

The quick color sprang into Miriam's face. "And yet you have never mentioned her!"

"You forget there has been little opportunity to mention anything. This is only our second meeting since I left New York."

"Yes, for an engaged couple our meetings are rather infrequent, but," with a shrug, "it rests with you to change that."

"Miriam!" Roger seized her hand. "There is only one way I can do that."

"Yes?"

"By making you a miner's wife."

"You mean you would expect me to go back to Canada with you?" she demanded.

"Would that be too much of a sacrifice? Of course, for a while I can't exactly duplicate the thing you've been used to, but I don't think you will have to wait very long."

"Do you really think the mine will eventually answer all your

expectations, Roger?"

"I do. I think the Gnome is going to enable me to achieve my greatest ambition."

"And what is that?"

"Can you ask?"

THE GIRL'S EYES fell before the ardor in his.

"You don't know what the last weeks have meant to me," went on Roger, passionately, "to know the last obstacle between us might soon be swept away."

Miriam's eyes softened. Her voice was almost wistful as she mused:

"I wonder if I am worthy of so much devotion. Sometimes I believe it is some ideal you love—an ideal you fancy you glimpse in me."

"Fancy?" Roger laughed happily as his arms closed around her. "When you talk like that you do not know yourself." But there was an odd stirring in the back of his mind, as though some stifled thought had kindled into life.

"I do know myself," persisted Miriam, drawing away. "I realize my limitations more than you do. You mean a great deal to me, Roger—in fact, it would break my heart to give you up, but it would also break my heart to give up the life I am grooved into. It may be artificial, as you claim, there may be a lot of froth about it—but it's what I've been accustomed to—it's my birthright. I'm interested in your mine, but just to the extent it is linked with you. Apart from that I care nothing for it. You see," with a smile, "I am honest with you. I loathe the country—and desolate wastes like the Canadian North would drive me insane. Much as I love you, Roger, I couldn't do it—live my life away from the refinements of civilization."

"Nor would I wish you to; but the refinements of life, Miriam, are not confined to New York."

BUT THERE WAS NO spirit in his argument. Nor, as he very well knew, was the situation a new one. It was the golden cradle again, barring the way. Yet, had the realization just swept on him, his disappointment could not have been keener.

"Roger," Miriam turned on him impetuously, "is your heart really so set on this mining venture? Is there no possibility of your reconsidering a return to New York? I'm sure Uncle would be only too glad to give you a start in Wall Street."

"Why, Miriam, you don't realize what you are asking. Even if I wished I couldn't possibly withdraw now. I couldn't desert the people who stood by and helped bring the mine to the brink of success."

"According to Uncle you are very far from the brink," sighed Miriam.

"Your uncle is prejudiced. He has been from the beginning. I can't imagine Mr. Brent being influenced by any one, but it's apparent Seranton has a firm foothold in his regard."

"Uncle Clyde is practical," declared Miriam. "He admires Mr. Seranton because he has the knack of turning his opportunities into dollars and cents. His is quite a name in the financial world today. Uncle thinks you are a visionary, Roger," she continued. "It is quite obvious he has no confidence in your making a success of the Gnome, and when Uncle takes such a firm stand against anything he has a very good reason. I don't want you to think I lack confidence in your ability, dear, but neither can I overlook my guardian's years of experience, and his uncanny judgement in business."

"I understand perfectly how you feel, looking at the matter from the outside, but I am on the inside, and were the whole mining fraternity to rise up and call me a fool, my confidence in the Gnome would remain unshaken. If you will be patient just a few months, I am convinced you will see my faith in the property

justified."

"How confident you are! A few months, then. And now," in a lighter tone, for my amiability you must be very nice, and leave mines and Gnomes alone for the remainder of the evening. The Hartleys are throwing a party tonight, and I really think it would be good for your general health to get a glimpse of the old crowd before you go back to the wilds."

And, although Roger had been looking forward to an evening alone with her, he agreed with alacrity. His ready acceptance was perhaps due to a vague fear of driving deeper the wedge already inserted.

## CHAPTER XXIII Premonition.

ROGER MADE eagerly for the smart grey roadster drawn up in front of the office building on St. James Street.

"I'm a courier of disappointing news, Mademoiselle Marcile," he began with a smile which belied his words. "Rolland is affixing his signature to a book of certificates, and incidentally awaiting the arrival of Mr. Gillies's lawyer. The owner of the Seneca is signing away all his rights to us before he sails for Europe."

"Really?"

Marcile flashed a smile and reached out her hand in friendly greeting. "It is nice to see you back, Roger. It is bon news that. I wonder," musingly, "what has caused him to change his mind."

"We are all wondering that," said Roger, "but supposing we discuss the matter over at one of Pierot's delectable dinners?"

The girl acquiesced with a nod, and Roger took his place in the car. Pierot, who boasted a lineage direct from the chef of Montcalm himself, came hurrying forward, bland, smiling.

"Monsieur's table is disengaged," he announced, leading the way to a secluded corner screened with palms and ferns. It was a quaint restaurant on the border line of Montreal's East and West, and to Roger one of the many avenues of romance the grey city had opened up to him.

Pierot himself superintended an excellent dinner, but notwithstanding the quality of the food and the unexcelled service, there was an anxious look in Marcile's dark eyes which her companion did not fail to notice.

Immediately the waiter had departed she addressed Roger in quick, eager tones:

"And now if Monsieur will be pleased to satisfy my curiosity regarding Mr. Gillies' decision. I've always understood the owner of the Seneca was like the rock of Gibraltar, unchangeable, immovable, and he has said no so many times when approached about his property. How in the world did you do it, Monsieur?"

"I do it?" Roger laughed. "I haven't been able to obtain a glimpse of the mysterious Mr. Gillies despite by continuous efforts."

Marcile's eyes opened wide. "And yet you say he is now willing to part with the mine?"

Roger nodded. "His lawyer telephoned this afternoon that he and Gillies would be at our office between seven and eight, apologizing for the hour, but stating it was a sudden decision on the part of his client."

"How very strange. It's the first time I've ever heard of Mr. Gillies changing his mind. Of course he will make terms to suit himself. Rolland would agree to almost anything, we are all so eager to secure the property."

"That's the odd part of it," rejoined Roger. "According to the lawyer he is ready to accept our terms."

Marcile stared. "Our terms! But that's too wonderful! Just think what it will mean to us to have the property, with the Gnome veins extending in that direction."

Roger nodded. "Fifty thousand cash payable in instalments. It seems like a gift—can't understand why he doesn't hold out for

shares as well. I think Rolland was expecting that and was only too ready to part with a block of stock."

"I wonder if it's Mr. North again," ventured Marcile. "Wasn't he acting for Mr. Gillies when he paid that visit to the Seneca last spring?"

"So he said," Roger's tone was dry and Marcile threw him a quick glance.

"You're surely not harboring a grudge against Mr. North, after all he has done for us?" she protested.

"If you don't mind, I'd rather not discuss Mr. North this evening. He's an enigma I haven't yet solved."

"At all events, there is nothing to be gloomy about," she rejoined lightly.

"Nothing whatever," smiled Roger. It struck him that his companion was looking exceptionally attractive. There was now a buoyancy about her, a frequency to her smile that was very contagious. Roger experienced the strange feeling that he was marking time. There was no inclination on his part to peer into the future. The present moment was enough, and he was conscious of a sudden desire to prolong it.

HE WAS BROUGHT out of his abstraction by the quick, eager tones of his companion.

"Voilà, Monsieur—our friend, Mr. North! And what a peculiar-looking man is his companion."

Roger followed the direction of her gaze, saw the smiling, bowing Pierot conducting to a table on the far side of the room the sphyx-faced North, and a tall, slim individual whose grace of movement and pale, emaciated features he recognized as belonging to no other than Stanley Seranton.

"Seranton!" he exclaimed. "Here, and with North."

"Seranton?" repeated Marcile. "I don't know him."

"A close associate of Mr. Brent," explained Roger, adding dryly, "and, incidentally, a mineralogist."

Marcile threw a quick glance at her companion.

"You do not appear to like this Mr. Seranton, Monsieur?"

Roger shrugged. "I have nothing really against him—and, with a smile, 'he has made a mark in Wall Street.'"

The newcomers had taken a table directly opposite the two interested spectators, who, on account of the screen of greenery, could observe without being seen.

"Most extraordinary," murmured Roger. "If you don't mind prolonging the matter of dessert, I'd like to study our friends for a while. Had no idea North and Seranton were on such a friendly footing as to hold a reunion of this sort."

"Might it not be a chance meeting?" suggested Marcile.

"Maybe, but something tells me there is more to it than that."

Marcile smiled. "I believe you love mystery, Monsieur. As for me, I can see nothing so very unusual even in enemies dining together. Who can say, perhaps, uneasy consciences have drawn them together, although," with a shake of her head, "I still affirm that Mr. North, aside from those lynx eyes of his, appears a very harmless sort of person. But see, there's a third party joining them."

"By jove!" Roger stared in astonishment at the red-faced, stocky individual who seated himself at the table occupied by North and Seranton. "Clancy, as I live!"

"Clancy?" repeated Roger. "Clancy," repeated Roger. "Gillies' lawyer."

"Then," in a voice of disappointment, "something has happened to postpone the Seneca matter."

Roger shook his head. "Not necessarily. It has been hanging fire so long that today's work would be only a matter of signatures. However, that doesn't clear up the mystery of his being here. Looks like a pre-arranged meeting between the three of them. North, particularly, seems to be in his element."

"So does that dark, emaciated looking man. Parbleu, he looks very ill."

"Always pasty looking—never saw him any different," said Roger indifferently.

moment," observed Roger. "I, too, should like to see the workings behind those lynx eyes," admitted Marcile.

"By jove, Clancy is showing a document. I'd wager my last penny it's the agreement of sale of the Seneca. North seems rather indifferent about it—merely glanced at it, but look at Seranton devouring it. By George, there's something queer going on over there. Why should Seranton be so infernally interested in the purchase of the Seneca?"

"Why, indeed?" Marcile gave a little shudder which drew the quick concern of her companion.

"Forgive me, I didn't intend to alarm you . . ."

The French girl made a quick gesture of protest. "Don't blame yourself, Monsieur. For a moment I was seized with a premonition—our success has been so unprecedented—indeed, it is well known that Northern Ontario has seen nothing like—such values—money pouring into the treasury—a two-compartment shaft sunk to the 300-foot level where values are reported richer than ever—and now Mr. Gillies selling the Seneca for a mere song." Marcile paused. The animation had died from her face, leaving it pale, while the fine brows were drawn together in troubled lines.

"I can't explain it, Monsieur, but," her voice lowered to a whisper, "I fear for our mine."

"Oh, come now! I blame myself for this. My suspicious nature has made you gloomy."

Roger purposely had made his tone light, but his eyes wandered uneasily toward the other table.

"You mustn't treat me like a child," protested the girl.

"You know something about Mr. North you are not disclosing. . . . Ah, you start. Confess, I am right, Monsieur."

"So far as the mine is concerned, I see no reason for apprehension," replied Roger. "Financially we have nothing to worry about. And as for any one wresting the control from us, why on a madman would attempt that, in view of our holding the reins of ownership."

"But Mr. North," persisted Marcile.

"You are not quite sure of Mr. North's disinterestedness—confess, it is so."

"As I mentioned before, to me Mr. North is something of an enigma," replied Roger evasively.

A ripple of laughter broke from Marcile.

"I declare, Monsieur, in reticence you are more like an Englishman than an American."

"Nevertheless it is true," persisted Roger. "Richard North is a man about whom I cannot make up my mind. Apparently he has done us incalculable service. He uncovered the plot of the stolen samples. He came to our assistance when finances were running low. These acts one naturally can't forget, yet, on the other hand, doesn't it seem more than a coincidence that he should be on the spot each time so opportunely?"

"But you forget, Monsieur, he is connected with Mr. Gillies," Roger smiled dryly.

I investigated that story and just as I thought it was pure fabrication."

A STARTLED LOOK flashed across Marcile's face.

"You mean he is an impostor?"

"Not necessarily—no; I wouldn't go so far as to say that, but he is undoubtedly playing a game of his own look at him now."

Marcile followed her companion's gaze, and for a moment watched the object of their speculation, who, apparently in the best of spirits and on the most amiable terms with his companions, was enjoying an excellent dinner.

"Notwithstanding the fact he hasn't been near the office for two months," continued Roger.

"I wager that at this very moment he knows more than we know about the workings of the mine."

"What can lie behind such interest?" The words came musingly rather than as a question.

Roger smiled. "If we could answer that Mademoiselle, we should dispose of the mystery of Richard North. But it is growing late, and there seems to be no further advantage in our being merely spectators. Yet how I should like to confront that trio yonder for a moment."

front an Egyptian mummy. But your car is parked near the front entrance—why steal out the rear way? After all, we are not in hiding."

"That may be, but I fancy the rear entrance tonight, Monsieur." And with a smile that softened the perversity of her words Marcile turned toward the exit.

Upon leaving Pierot's Roger and Marcile drove straight to the office on the off chance of finding Rolland still there. But in this they were disappointed. The only person around was the charwoman, who declared she had seen Mr. St. Lambert depart with a gentleman half an hour earlier.

"Clancy, no doubt," observed Roger as they descended in the elevator. "It's not likely we shall find him now, as he had an appointment at 7.30 with a prospective buyer for the balance of the allotment."

"If he's successful there our financial worries will be at an end."

"For a while at least—a mine eats money fast—but if our findings are as good on the 400-foot level as we anticipate there will be no reason for not starting a mill this fall."

"When should they reach that level, Monsieur?"

"Any time now."

The face turned to Roger was flushed, and the eyes sparkled with excitement.

"It's too wonderful!" breathed the girl. "You, I know, are delighted. To you success means the materialization of your dreams, but to me, Monsieur, it is more than that—it is the fulfillment of hopes of men like my father, like your uncle, who sacrificed all—yes, dropping her voice, 'life itself, that the North might come into its own.'"

Roger glancing at her, saw again that baffling far away look in the dark eyes that he had glimpsed already that evening.

Then with a quick change of mood, which was one of her charms, she flashed her smile.

"And now, if Monsieur is ready for that spin into the country."

Returning from their drive at ten-thirty they found Rolland still absent. However, fifteen minutes later the telephone rang and he imparted the gratifying news that the Seneca property was theirs for the cash sum of fifty thousand dollars. He was then with one of the directors and was trying to get in touch with Croyne at the mine—not to wait up for him, he would most likely be late.

It was long past midnight when Roger was brought out of a sound sleep to find St. Lambert standing beside his bed, the ruddiness of his face replaced by a strange pallor.

"Sorry to wake you, old man, but there's trouble at the mine."

(To be continued next week)

## Zoo Experts Say Humans

**Give Disease to Animals**  
Animals most difficult to acclimatize to our weather conditions, says a writer in the Philadelphia Record, are the howling monkeys, the orang-utangs, North African and Indian birds. Practically all others become accustomed to North American climates comparatively easily. The best examples of these are the camels, which reach the place where they eat snow—when they can get it—and antelopes, which frequently are found lying in the snow and apparently enjoying it. Indian monkeys become acclimatized after a single winter in this climate.

Contrary to a somewhat popular belief, pneumonia is not prevalent among menagerie animals. In fact, it is about the least common of animal diseases. It was pointed out that pneumonia and colds are not directly due to cold weather, but rather to crowding, which is a result of the cold, and to a lack of exercise, another direct result of inclement weather. It is the observation of zoo experts that humans are usually responsible for cases of pneumonia, laryngitis and allied diseases among the animals.

Healthy wild animals have an almost unbelievable health reserve, it was pointed out, and unless imperiled by particularly virulent germs, will throw off impending illness if given proper diet and care.

## China Always Called the

**Land of Many Religions**  
Three religions are acknowledged by the Chinese as indigenous—Confucianism, Buddhism and Taoism. There is no way of knowing how the bulk of the population is divided among these three. The bulk of the people, however, are Buddhists, while most Chinese profess and practice all three religions, which are not incompatible.

Buddhism, which arrived in China some 1,300 years ago, has a very elaborate ritual in that country. So has Taoism, which antedates the introduction of Buddhism, and which was originally a pure philosophy, but which has copied the Buddhists' ceremonial. Confucianism has little outward show, except in ancestor worship, which is practiced everywhere throughout the country and had the sanction of Confucius.

There are Mohammedans in every province of China, and they probably number nearly 10,000,000. Chinese Christians number some 3,000,000.

## Black Venus of Brittany

One of the most curious relics of paganism remaining in a Christian country is the gigantic black stone figure of a woman which is to be seen in a forest of the District of Morbihan in Brittany. It is known as the "Black Venus," but probably dates farther back than the time when the Greeks and Romans worshipped that goddess. Antiquaries assert that this figure belongs to the age of the serpent worshippers, one of whose subterranean temples is in the neighborhood. This would make the figure far older than the Christian era. The statue is that of a huge, uncouth woman, with a sullen, angry countenance, her form enveloped in a loose mantle. The superstitious Bretons have always worshipped the figure, asserting that it has power over the weather and the crops. If the idol is neglected they declare that the grain dies on the ear, and is the anger of the "black woman" over Morbihan.

## Chinook Winds

A chinook is a wind which blows from west or north over the Rocky mountains, where it descends as a dry wind, warm in winter and cool in summer. It is due to a cyclone's passing northward and continues for a few hours to several days. In Oregon and Washington the term is sometimes applied to a warm, moist southwest wind. The wind was so called by the white settlers of Astoria, because it came from the direction of the Chinook camp.

## Speed of Rear Auto Wheels

The Bureau of Standards advises that all automobiles are provided with an arrangement of gears, known as the differential, through which the power is delivered from the drive shaft to the wheels. By this means each wheel is allowed to revolve in exact proportion to the distance covered, so that no slipping is necessary while rounding a curve, in which case the outside wheel necessarily covers a greater distance than the inside wheel.

## Rate of Finger Nail Growth

The nail on the middle finger grows faster than any other, while the thumb nail is the slowest growing nail. As a rule, the nails on the right hand grow faster than those on the left. The nails on an invalid's hands grow considerably faster than on the hands of a healthy person. Taken on the average the rate of growth is one-eighth inch a month, or from one to one and one-half inches a year.

## Murphy's Winter

Murphy's Winter is the name popularly given in England to the winter of 1837-38. Patrick Murphy in his "Weather Almanac" prophesied that January 20, 1838, "would be fair, probably lowest degree of winter temperature." This day turned out to be the coldest in many years, and, as a result, the edition of the almanac was rapidly exhausted and Murphy made a considerable profit.

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Alexandria, Wednesday evening from 6.00 p.m. Telephone 99.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Mr. J. J. Urquhart, Maxville, paid town a business visit on Tuesday. Mr. F. C. McLennan, Lanester, did business in town on Wednesday. Mr. E. J. McLeod of Dunvegan, did business in town on Saturday. Mr. D. J. Gillies of Cornwall, renewed acquaintances here on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Angus H. McDonell and Mr. and Mrs. P. Daprato, Ottawa, were with relatives here over Sunday. Miss Mamie McMillan, St. George St., is spending some days with Montreal friends. Messrs. H. McCuaig, Peveril and J. Conville, St. Justine, were in town on Friday for a few hours. Mrs. Buckley of Truxton, N.Y., is in town visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. Bougie, Main St. Miss Irene McDonald of Ottawa, was a week end visitor with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert McDonald. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Myers of Prescott, Ont., were guests of friends here on Sunday. Mr. J. McCaffrey of Ottawa, was here over the week end the guest of Mrs. P. Daprato. Mr. Alex. McMillan, Montreal, was with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arch. McMillan over Sunday. Mr. Geo. R. McDonald who spent some weeks in Northern Ontario, arrived home last week. Dr. J. Gilhooly of Ottawa, spent Saturday evening in town a guest at the Bishop's House. Mr. T. P. Murphy of Ottawa, was here for a short visit the latter part of the week. Mr. A. Boyer of the Eastern Ontario Review, Vankleek Hill, was in town on Saturday. Miss M. Wims of Montreal, is in town the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. James Kerr. Mr. C.W. Cresswell of Martintown, was among the visitors to town on Wednesday. Mrs. C. McCuaig and her cousin, Miss Jessie McGillivray spent Wednesday with Vankleek Hill friends. Mrs. J. MacCuaig of Kirk Hill is visiting her sister, Miss M. Morrison, Bishop St. Miss Marion Campbell who had been undergoing treatment in Ottawa arrived home the early part of the week. Mrs. R. H. Cowan motored to Ottawa and Buckingham, Que., the latter part of last week. She was accompanied by Mrs. J. McLeister who visited with Ottawa friends. Mr. N. D. MacCuaig who had been home on a short visit to his mother, brother and sister, returned on Wednesday evening to Vancouver, B.C. Mrs. Barry and little son of New York have arrived on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McMillan, McCrimmon. Miss Eva A. Legroulx of Montreal, arrived home Tuesday to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Legroulx. Mrs. J. Murphy of Ottawa, spent the week end here with Mr. Murphy who is engaged on road construction work. Miss M. J. Morris who spent two weeks' vacation at her home here returned to Montreal on Friday to resume her duties as nurse-in-training at St. Mary's Hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. McDonald, son Donald and Mr. John McDonald, of Munroe's Mills, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kennedy, Glen Roy, were among the visitors to town on Wednesday. Mr. Ronald Macdonald, of the staff of the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, is spending a week's holiday with his parents, Colonel and Mrs. A. G. F. Macdonald, Garry-Fen. Mr. Francis Costello, student College Jean de Brebeuf, Montreal, is with his parents Judge and Mrs. F. T. Costello for the holidays. The Misses Barbara and Helen Costello, Ottawa, were also here over Sunday. Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Grisdale of Iroquois, Ont., where the ex-Deputy Minister of Agriculture has extensive farming property, were in town for a short time on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Orphie Vian and children of Valleyfield, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Legroulx. On their return they were accompanied by Miss Lillian Legroulx who will spend some time with her sister. Miss Marie McLeister of the staff of the Royal Bank of Canada is enjoying her annual holiday. She proposes spending several days in New York City and will also visit friends in Granby, Que., before resuming her duties. Mrs. J. D. McIntosh left on Monday to undergo treatment in the General Hospital, Cornwall. That her recovery may be rapid is the wish of the many friends of this estimable lady. Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Every, Bishop Street, had as guests the early part of the week Dr. and Mrs. Alex. Shaw and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Swindon of Toronto. Mr. A. W. McDougald of Montreal, was in town on Wednesday attending the funeral of the late Miss Elizabeth McCall.

Mr. Gabriel Dicaire and family of Curran, Mr. and Mrs. Gerard Lapiere and family and Mr. Patrick Poirier of Montreal were guests of relatives in town on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Seguin of Montreal visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ferd. Seguin, End of Kenyon on Sunday. Mrs. D. J. McDonald who spent the past six months with members of her family in New York City arrived home on Saturday being accompanied by her daughter, Miss Gertrude McDonald who is enjoying a short holiday here. Mrs. Underwood of Toronto, and her son, Mr. P. Underwood of the staff of the Bank of Nova Scotia, spent Sunday in Montreal. Mr. Donald McDougald of Kirkland Lake, Ont., is home visiting his mother Mrs. A. D. McDougald, 4th Kenyon who is indisposed. Mr. and Mrs. J. Gruler, Mrs. G. Maguire and little son, of New York, also arrived on Monday by motor being accompanied by little Miss Ida Morris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Morris who spent the past nine months with Mr. and Mrs. Maguire. Miss Ida Proctor, president of Ottawa Junior Sub-division of the Catholic Women's League, and Miss Dorothy Proctor, councillor, have left for Victoria, as delegates to the fourteenth annual convention of the Catholic Women's League of Canada, which will take place the week of June 25. Miss Ida Proctor will act as representative of Ottawa Diocesan Subdivision at the convention.—The Ottawa Journal. The inspection of school children being done by Miss Marjorie Rutherford, Public Health Nurse, which has been discontinued on account of examinations, will be resumed in September.

Marriages

CAMERON—McCORMACK  
Miss Mary Christine Cameron, member of the nursing staff of the Ossining Hospital for the past three years, was married Saturday, afternoon, June 2nd, at 4 o'clock in St. Ann's Church to Michael McCormack of Peekskill. The Rev. Father Bernard Quin of New York City, cousin of the bridegroom, officiated. Miss Nellie McCormack of New York City, a cousin of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor. James Hinigan of Ossining was best man. The bride wore a gown of white satin, with matching hat, and carried white roses. Miss McCormack wore blue chiffon with a large picture hat and carried talisman roses. During the ceremony, Miss Florence Snyder of Ossining sang. After the ceremony, relatives and close friends of the bride and bridegroom were entertained at a reception at Moto's Inn, Croton. Mr. and Mrs. McCormack left on a wedding trip to Atlantic City. On their return they will reside at 218 North James Street in Peekskill. Mrs. McCormack is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Cameron of Greenfield, Ontario. While on duty at the Ossining Hospital she has resided with her sister, Mrs. Frank Woodharam, of 9 Eastern Avenue.

PERRIE—LAURIN

The marriage was solemnized on Saturday at the Catholic Church at Gatineau, Que., by Rev. Father Glaude of Miss Alma Laurin to Mr. Emile Perrier, of Lachine, Que. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. Eugene Laurin, of Hawkesbury, Ont., and Mr. W. A. Perrier, also of Hawkesbury, was witness for his son. The bride was charming in a blue ensemble, trimmed with squirrel and wore a corsage bouquet of Talisman roses. Following the ceremony, a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. H. Laurin, Daly avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Perrier have left on an extended motor trip—Ottawa Journal.

Obituaries

MR. DONALD A. McDOUGALL  
At 16-9th Lancaster, on Monday, 18th June, following a protracted illness, borne with christian fortitude and exemplary patience, the death occurred of Mr. Donald A. McDougall, aged 61 years. Deceased was a son of the late Donald McDougall and Ellen McDonnell and passed away on the farm where he was born. He is survived by two brothers, Christopher of Glen Robertson and Alexander of Garson Mine, Ont., his sister-in-law, Mrs. John McDougall, two nephews and two nieces. The funeral from his late residence to St. Margaret's Church and cemetery, Glen Nevis, was held on Wednesday morning, Rt. Rev. Mgr. Macdonald chanting the Requiem Mass in the presence of a large congregation of sympathizing friends. The pallbearers were Messrs. Neil McDonald, D. H. McDougall, J. H. McKinnon, Frank Baker, Harry McDougall and Donald McDonald.

A nephew, Mr. Grant McDougall of Sudbury, Ont. attended the last sad obsequies. The many spiritual offerings received were further tokens of the regard entertained for the departed gentleman. MISS ELIZABETH MCGILLIS  
At the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, on Sunday, 17th June, Miss Elizabeth Mc Gillis passed away, aged 53 years. Deceased was born on lot 22-8th concession Lancaster, a daughter of the late Archibald McGillis and the late Catherine Lewellyn, his wife. For the past thirty years Miss McGillis was a resident of Montreal, during twenty-five of which she was a devoted member of the household of Mr. A. W. McDougall. Accompanying the remains to Alexandria on Wednesday morning, were the last surviving member of the family a sister, Miss Annie McGillis, Mrs. D. A. Grant, Mrs. Cameron, and Mrs. A. W. McDougald, of Montreal, Mrs. Dan Mooney of Ottawa, also attended the funeral. The Requiem Mass was chanted in St. Finnan's Cathedral by Rev. E. J. Macdonald, Rector.

MISS GLADYS MacCRIMMON  
Seldom has the sympathy of the people of Dunvegan and district had occasion to be stirred as it was when it became known on Saturday, June 16th, 1934, that the Angel of Death had passed by taking away Gladys, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh MacCrimmon. Becoming ill some two weeks ago her condition was not regarded as serious until a few hours before her death when serious complications developed and she passed away on the above mentioned date. Gladys was a bright lovable child, a continual source of comfort and pleasure to her mother, sisters and brothers. Born August 19th, 1930, her years here were few but many pleasant memories remain to be cherished by the family. She leaves to mourn, her mother, four brothers and four sisters, Melville, Maybel, Ceel, Flora, Norman, Irene, Ewen and Christina. The funeral was held on Monday, June 18th, to Kenyon Presbyterian Church and cemetery, the Rev. D. M. Lamont officiating. Mr. Lamont based his remarks on 11 Samuel, 12th Chapter, verses 15 to 23. A duet, "That Beautiful Land" was rendered by Mrs. D. D. MacLeod and Miss Christina Ferguson, R.N. The pallbearers were Messrs. Donald R. MacCrimmon, Angus Gray, Norman J. and Donald D. MacSweeney. The floral tributes consisted of, P. H. Low, The family; Spray, Teacher and Pupils S.S. No. 2 Kenyon; Sprays, Misses Flora Gray, Christina MacDougald, Flora and Mary MacSweeney, Jessie and Margaret MacCrimmon, Catherine and Sarabel MacLeod; Cut flowers—Fisks Corners W.M.S. There's a home for little children Above the bright blue sky Where Jesus reigns in glory, A home of peace and joy; No home on earth is like it, Nor can with it compare For everyone is happy Nor could be happier, there.

By handing the Cornwall Island Indians a decisive beating at Chisholm Park, on Saturday night the Alexandria team pulled itself up into a tie for first place in the league standing and having reached the top they intend to stay up there till the play-offs begin in August without the services of the three Mon readers, whose case has not been settled yet, and Basil Macdonell who was kept out of the game with a bad cold, the locals stepped onto the field determined to give the fans a win, the result being a 7-4 victory for Alexandria. Two new faces and one that is quite familiar to fans though he hadn't played yet this year, appeared in the Alexandria livery, they being, P. Marotte of Cornwall, Alex. McDonald of Greenfield and Jerry Gagner and all found favor in the eyes of the fans the result of their heady work. The ever-popular Jerry received a tremendous ovation when he first appeared he having turned out to help fill the breach in the defense made by the absence of Murray and Wheatley. He and Marotte both played steady games on the rear-guard and their timely appearance meant much to a team whose strength had been greatly reduced by the absence of members. Marotte who also became known to fans as a Canadian player two years ago was also playing his first game of the season and his goal in the first few minutes of play steadied our team considerably. Alex. McDonald of Greenfield, from his playing Saturday night should go far in the game as this is only his second year with a lacrosse stick. Brought in at the last moment to complete the roster he played like a veteran and was always dangerous. Sunday intercepted a pass to start

Glengarry Cheese Board  
Alexandria, 15th June, 1934  
Factory White Colored  
King's Road No. 810 ..... 59  
Silver Lily, No. 746 ..... 28  
St. Raphaels No. 572 ..... 45  
Glengarry No. 63 ..... 70  
Avondale No. 87 ..... 30  
Victoria No. 965 ..... 19  
Picnic Grove No. 693 ..... 20  
Dornie No. 651 ..... 45  
Edgar No. 699 ..... 23  
Lorne No. 161 ..... 25  
Greenfield Un. 567 ..... 43  
Glen Roy No. 914 ..... 38  
Dunvegan No. 210 ..... 60  
Fairview, No. 60 ..... 48  
Highland Chief, No. 181 28  
Glen Nevis No. 365 ..... 39  
Pine Hill No. 816 ..... 37  
Skye No. 1003 ..... 45  
Green Valley No. 688 ..... 32  
Kirk Hill No. 563 ..... 25  
McLaughlin No. 689 ..... 50  
Glen Norman No. 203 ..... 63  
Glen Sandfield No. 800 ..... 23  
Bridge End No. 218 ..... 37  
Baltics No. 989 ..... 40  
Roxboro No. 391 ..... 45  
McGillivray's No. 224 ..... 28  
Curry Hill No. 383 ..... 74  
North Lancaster No. 739 41  
Sandringham No. 21 ..... 93  
McCrimmon, No. 1001 ..... 34  
Fisks No. 1002 ..... 45  
Pine Grove No. 240 ..... 12  
Riverside No. 770 ..... 40  
A. G. 500 No. 679 ..... 35  
Central No. 695 ..... 15  
Glen Dale No. 751 ..... 26  
General Roberts No. 819 30  
Brodie No. 721 ..... 21 9  
Nation River 227 ..... 63  
Heather Bloom 552 ..... 20  
Glen Robertson 36 ..... 35  
Gore 902 ..... 30  
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Alexandrians Trounce Indians For First Time in 2 Years

By handing the Cornwall Island Indians a decisive beating at Chisholm Park, on Saturday night the Alexandria team pulled itself up into a tie for first place in the league standing and having reached the top they intend to stay up there till the play-offs begin in August without the services of the three Mon readers, whose case has not been settled yet, and Basil Macdonell who was kept out of the game with a bad cold, the locals stepped onto the field determined to give the fans a win, the result being a 7-4 victory for Alexandria. Two new faces and one that is quite familiar to fans though he hadn't played yet this year, appeared in the Alexandria livery, they being, P. Marotte of Cornwall, Alex. McDonald of Greenfield and Jerry Gagner and all found favor in the eyes of the fans the result of their heady work. The ever-popular Jerry received a tremendous ovation when he first appeared he having turned out to help fill the breach in the defense made by the absence of Murray and Wheatley. He and Marotte both played steady games on the rear-guard and their timely appearance meant much to a team whose strength had been greatly reduced by the absence of members. Marotte who also became known to fans as a Canadian player two years ago was also playing his first game of the season and his goal in the first few minutes of play steadied our team considerably. Alex. McDonald of Greenfield, from his playing Saturday night should go far in the game as this is only his second year with a lacrosse stick. Brought in at the last moment to complete the roster he played like a veteran and was always dangerous. Sunday intercepted a pass to start

To Travel Abroad

A delightful holiday is in prospect for several Alexandrians during the coming summer when they will travel abroad. Miss Ostrom of the local High School staff, sails the latter part of next week from Montreal, on the Duchess of Bedford to spend the months of July and August touring on the continent, the trip including a visit to the Passion Play at Oberammergau, while the Misses Jessie and Ettie Kerr, in July, sail from New York on the White Star liner, Georgic, and will visit the British Isles, France and Holland. In London the Misses Kerr will be the

scoring in the first minutes and it looked like just another Indian victory. However, the locals buckled down, Marotte and Pilon scoring in succession to take the lead. Oakes tied it up before the bell and the teams started the second quarter tied 2-2 Laperle's tally was the only one in this frame both goalies turning in wonderful stops to keep the scoring down. Wally Macdonell and Morris brought Alexandria's count up to five in the third period, Oakes lone tally for the Islanders bringing their total to three. The last quarter saw the home team increase their margin over the visitors, Eose Dalbec, and Paul Pilon each beating Hopps while the Islanders were scoring but one from the stick of Angus George. Alexandria 7—Islanders 4. The local forward lines showed the fans a brilliant brand of combination play Saturday night every player passing the ball in a manner that had Hopps and his defence powerless to stop them and this type of play was what won the game. The team was without the services of Jock Dalbec who sprained his ankle in the first few minutes of play but he is expected to be fit for duty within a week. The defence was air tight, the goal-tending superb, and the forwards back-checked like fiends with the result that the highly touted redskins were held to but four goals. In spite of a long rainfall Saturday afternoon which left the footing treacherous the game was a good one to watch and the large number of fans who braved threatening weather and wet stands were not disappointed in the calibre of lacrosse on display. The line-ups—Indians—Hopps, Foot, Jocko, George, White, Sunday and Oakes Subs. Thomas, Peters, Cooke, Buckshot, Lafrance and Peters. Alexandria—Bergeron, M. Pilon, Laperle, P. Pilon, J. Dalbec, R. Dalbec, W. Macdonell. Subs McDonald, Morris, Gagner, McCormick, Marotte and A. McDonald (Greenfield). The unofficial league standing including games of Saturday night is as follows:

Indians ..... P. W. L. Pts  
Alexandria ..... 7 4 3 8  
Canadiens ..... 4 3 1 6  
Celtics ..... 5 0 5 0

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Heather Bloom 552 ..... 20  
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Now that the excitement is all over let us take a swat at our old enemy, The Fly. Screen now before the pests get in and take advantage of our low prices. Screen Doors complete, \$2.50 up. Window Screens at 40, 50 and 60c. Spring Hinges, Door Springs, Door Catches and all other accessories priced very low. Fly Oil for Cattle \$1.00 gal. Sprayers from 50c up. Fly Swatters 10c. Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead, Sprinklers, etc.

COWAN'S  
Alexandria—Maxville.

guests for a few days of Mrs. Colin Stuart, nee Elizabeth MacPhee, formerly of Alexandria. DIED  
BANKER—At 4-4th Kenyon, on Wednesday, June 20th, 1934, Mr. Nelson Baker, aged 87 years. Interment in St. Finnan's Cemetery, Alexandria, this (Friday) morning.

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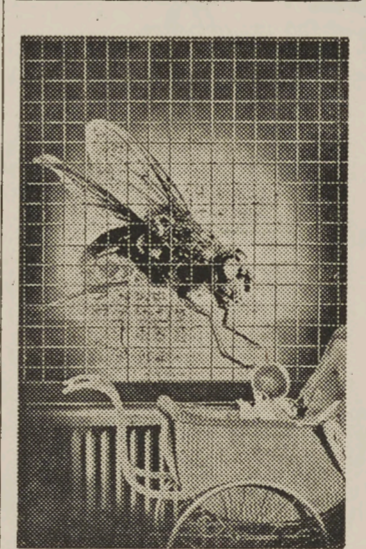
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We save you real money on all your needs.

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Alexandria Ont.



Now that the excitement is all over let us take a swat at our old enemy, The Fly. Screen now before the pests get in and take advantage of our low prices.

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COWAN'S  
Alexandria—Maxville.

Up and Doing!  
Wednesday evening  
JUNE 27th, '34

Attend the  
Annual Social

On the grounds of St. Alexander's Church  
LOCHIEL

An unusually attractive programme has been prepared. Speeches in English and French by prominent public men.

Scotch Music and Dancing. Junior Band in attendance. Don't Miss This—The Outing of the Season. Admission, including lunch, 35c

Don't Fail To Go To  
Cornwall Centennial Celebration  
June 30 to July 7  
Saturday, June 30  
Official Opening of New International Bridge by Canadian Governor General  
LEGION SPORTS MEET  
July 2 to 7  
New York Winter Garden Revue  
7 - BANDS - 7  
Parades, Sports, Midway, Dancing, Contests, Exhibits

Farmers "Attention"  
Our Cream Trucks now covering Routes twice weekly, collecting Cream. Let us add your name to our satisfied Patrons' List. Highest Market Prices assured the year around. We are Agents for Massey-Harris and are here to give you prompt and efficient Service on Separators, Machinery and Repair Parts. We are also Agents for De Laval and Simplex Separators and will Service any make, charging you for the material only. GRAHAM CREAMERY COMPANY LIMITED.

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Make your own Cattle Spray and save money. Let us show you how. You can make as good a spray as any for less than 75c a gal.  
OSTROM'S  
DRUGGIST AND JEWELLERS,  
MILL SQUARE, ALEXANDRIA

SPECIALS AT LOCHIEL  
Seed Buckwheat, Silver Hull or Black, cleaned and graded. Cattle Sprays—Agents for Stockard, the cattle spray. Potato Sprays and Powders, Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead and Two in One Bug Killer. Weed Sprays and Chemical Weed Killers. Shur-gain Fertilizers on hand. Shop at Lochiel—It pays. Phone 25. We deliver.  
J. W. MacRAE  
Alexandria—Maxville.